

XS CARGO INCOME FUND

**ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM
For the year ended December 31, 2009**

April 28, 2010

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DEFINED TERMS

Please refer to the "Glossary of Terms" in **Schedule "A"** for a list of defined terms used in this annual information form.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This annual information form contains forward looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this annual information form are forward looking statements, including, without limitation, statements regarding the future financial position, business strategy, proposed acquisitions, budgets, litigation, projected costs and plans and objectives of or involving the Fund or the Company. You can identify many of these statements by looking for words such as "believe", "expects", "will", "intends", "projects", "anticipates", "estimates", "continues" or similar words or the negative thereof. These forward looking statements include statements with respect to the amount and timing of the payment of the distributions of the Fund. There can be no assurance that the plans, intentions or expectations upon which these forward looking statements are based will occur. Forward looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including, but not limited to, those discussed elsewhere in this annual information form. Although management believes that the expectations represented in such forward looking statements are reasonable, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct.

Some of the factors that could affect future results and could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward looking statements contained herein include: risks relating to the Company's ability to maintain profitability and manage growth; the Company's ability to expand through new store openings; the Company's ability to source products in quantities and on terms acceptable to the Company; changes in trends and consumer tastes; economic conditions and levels of consumer spending; marketing expenditures; competition; the Company's reliance on centralized distribution centers; freight costs; the Company's ability to maintain comparable store sales; seasonality and fluctuations in quarterly results; the Company's reliance on management information systems; increases in the cost of, or disruption in the flow of, imported products; successful

management of the Company's exposure to merchandise returns; foreign exchange fluctuations; costs and availability of insurance coverage; protection and development of the Company's intellectual property; the Company's reliance on key personnel; labour matters; the Company's dependence on external funding sources; the Company's environmental regulation; uncertainties arising from world events; the effect of property taxes; the dependence of the Fund on the Company; the unpredictability and potential volatility of the market price of Units; the nature of trust units; the availability of cash to make distributions; the nature of cash-on-cash yield as a measure of return on the Units; the subordinated nature of the Units to the Fund's and its subsidiaries' debt; the effect of leverage and restrictive covenants in agreements relating to current and future indebtedness of the Company; restrictions on the potential growth of the Company as a consequence of the payment by the Company of substantially all of its operating cash flow; income tax related risks; potential dilution of Unitholders' interest in the Fund from additional issuances by the Fund or from sales of Units by the Vendor; the Vendor's right to approve certain material transactions; potential conflicts of interest; possible limits on Unitholder limited liability; the nature of the securities that would be distributed to Unitholders on a dissolution of the Fund; and the effect of limits on Non-resident ownership of Units.

The information contained in this annual information form, including the information set forth under "Risk Factors", identifies additional factors that could affect the operating results and performance of the Fund and the Company.

The forward looking statements contained herein are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. The forward looking statements included in this annual information form are made as of the date of this annual information form and the Fund assumes no obligation to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances except as otherwise required by applicable securities laws.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

References in this annual information form to:

"EBITDA" are to historical earnings before provision for interest, income taxes and amortization; and

"distributable cash" are to cash available for distribution to Unitholders in accordance with the distribution policies of the Fund described in this annual information form.

Distributable cash of the Fund is a measure generally used by Canadian open-ended trusts as an indicator of financial performance. As one of the factors that may be considered relevant by prospective investors is the cash distributed by the Fund relative to the price of the Units, management believes that distributable cash of the Fund is a useful supplemental measure that may assist prospective investors in assessing an investment in Units.

EBITDA and distributable cash are measures that are not recognized by generally accepted accounting principles in Canada ("**GAAP**") and do not have standardized meanings prescribed by GAAP. Therefore, EBITDA and distributable cash may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Investors are cautioned that EBITDA and distributable cash should not be construed as alternatives to net income or loss determined in accordance with GAAP as indicators of the Company's performance or to cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as measures of liquidity and cash flows.

MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA

Unless otherwise indicated, the market and industry data contained in this annual information form is based upon information from independent industry and other publications and management's knowledge of and experience in the markets in which XS Cargo operates. While management believes this data to be reliable, market and industry data is subject to variations and cannot be verified with complete certainty due to limits on the availability and reliability of raw data, the voluntary nature of the data gathering process and other limitations and uncertainties inherent in any statistical survey. Neither the Fund nor the Company has independently verified any of the data from third party sources referred to in this annual information form.

THE FUND, XSCOT AND XS CARGO LP

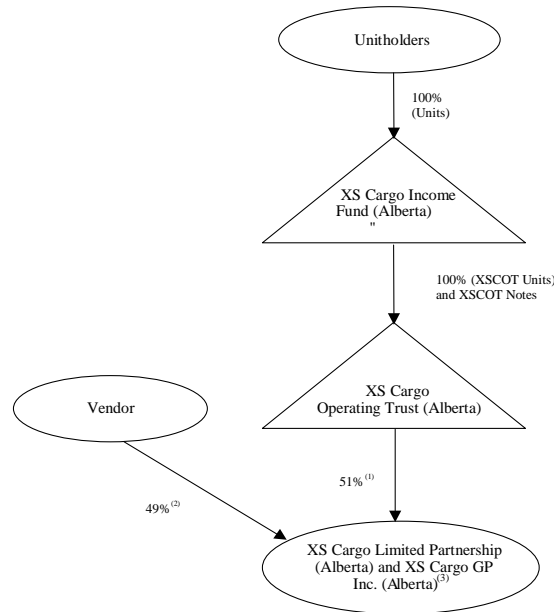
The Fund is an unincorporated open-ended trust established under the laws of the Province of Alberta by the Declaration of Trust. The Fund owns all of the XSCOT Notes and XSCOT Units, and holds, indirectly through XSCOT, a 51% interest in the Company. The Fund receives, indirectly through XSCOT, distributions of distributable cash of the Company. See "XS Cargo Income Fund".

XSCOT is an unincorporated trust established under the laws of the Province of Alberta pursuant to the XSCOT Declaration of Trust. XSCOT was created to initially acquire and hold 51% of the LP Units and GP Common Shares. See "XS Cargo Operating Trust".

XS Cargo LP is a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Alberta, with the GP as its general partner. XS Cargo LP carries on business and is governed under the Limited Partnership Agreement. The Company, with 41 stores currently open in Ontario, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Western Canada, is one of the largest broadline closeout retailers in Canada. See "Business of XS Cargo". The principal and head office of each of the Fund, XSCOT, the GP and XS Cargo LP is located at 15435 - 131 Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta, T5V 0A4.

Intercorporate Relationships

The following chart illustrates the structure of the Fund as at the date hereof.



Notes:

- (1) Ordinary LP Units and GP Common Shares, representing 51% of the LP Units and GP Common Shares.
- (2) Exchangeable LP Units, Subordinated LP Units and GP Common Shares representing 49% of the LP Units and GP Common Shares.
- (3) The GP holds all of the outstanding GP Units.

GENERAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE BUSINESS

Four Year History

On May 17, 2005, the Fund completed its initial public offering (the "IPO") of 6,106,000 Units at \$10 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$61,060,000. The Fund used the proceeds of the IPO to indirectly acquire a 51% interest in XS Cargo LP. XS Cargo LP subsequently used these proceeds and borrowings under its Credit Facility to acquire the Vendor's broadline closeout retail business (collectively, the "**Purchased Assets**") for total consideration consisting of \$71,131,876 in cash (subject to adjustment), 3,471,970 Exchangeable LP Units, 2,394,480 Subordinated LP Units and 5,866,340 GP Common Shares and the assumption of the accounts payable and certain current liabilities related to the Purchased Assets (collectively, the "**Acquisition**"). The remaining 49% interest in XS Cargo LP is held by the Vendor. With the completion of the Acquisition, the Fund became one of the largest broadline closeout retailers in Canada.

The Units commenced trading on the TSX at the opening on May 17, 2005 under the symbol "XSC.UN". At the opening of the market on August 20, 2009 the Fund's Units commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol XSC.UN. The Fund was voluntarily delisted from trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange at the close of the market on August 19, 2009.

Significant Acquisitions

The Fund did not complete any "significant acquisitions" during 2009.

Credit Facility

The Fund negotiated an amended credit facility agreement in September 2008 pursuant to which its lender has made available to it a \$17,500,000 (\$12,500,000 available from January to July annually) demand revolving loan or operating loan, and a \$11,250,000 term loan which was due April 30, 2009. The operating and term loans are collateralized by a first charge on all present and after required personal property of the Fund and an assignment of inventory. Interest on the operating loan is charged at the lender's prime rate plus 4.50%. If funds are withdrawn in U.S. dollars, interest will be charged at the lender's U.S. base rate plus 4.50%. The Fund is also required to pay a standby charge of 1.0% based on the amount equal to the operating facility commitment amount less the aggregate principal amount under the operating facility. The interest on the term loan facility is charged at the lender's Canadian prime rate plus 4.50%. The maximum available on the term loan facility was initially \$21,250,000; however, it was reduced to \$11,250,000 on July 31, 2007 and further reduced to \$6,750,000 on December 31, 2008. The term loan was to be further permanently reduced on March 31, 2009 by an amount equal to 75% multiplied by 2008 excess cash flow (as defined in the agreement); however, management determined that the Fund did not generate 2008 excess cash flow such that no further reduction was required.

Both the term loan and operating loan require the Fund to maintain certain financial covenants, including a maximum senior debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio of 2.5:1.0; a minimum current ratio of 1.4:1.0, and a minimum adjusted trailing twelve month (TTM) EBITDA value of \$8,000,000 for the month ending October 31, 2008 and thereafter. Additionally, the covenants limit the Fund's ability to undertake mergers, acquisitions, incur new indebtedness, declare distributions and undertake other changes in the business without approval of the lender.

The Fund's term loan was due April 30, 2009. Although the Fund has not repaid the term loan as required under the credit facility, repayment has not been demanded by the lenders. In addition, as at December 31, 2009, January 31, 2010 and February 28, 2010, the Fund was not in compliance with its minimum adjusted trailing twelve-month EBITDA covenants. The Fund is currently working with its lenders to negotiate mutually acceptable financial covenants. See "*Risk Factors – Dependence on External Funding Sources*".

Subordinated Loans

On August 20, 2007, the Fund entered into a subordinated loan agreement for \$12,000,000, funded 50% by an independent third party and 50% by a company owned by the President and CEO of the Fund. The subordinated loan is collateralized by a second charge on all of the present and future undertakings and property of the Fund, including an acknowledged assignment of leases and material contracts. The principal balance thereunder was due on August 20, 2008; however the subordinated loan was renegotiated and on November 5, 2008, the Fund reached agreement with its subordinated loan lenders to extend the loan to June

30, 2009. Interest on the subordinated loan has increased from 16% to 18% effective September 26, 2009, with the Fund's option to capitalize up to 10.0% per annum.

As part of the subordinated loan extension, the lenders were each issued warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 500,000 Units at a price of \$0.60 per Unit at any time within 36 months of issuance, subject to the option of the lenders to exercise on a cashless basis. The cashless exercise feature allows the subordinated lenders the option of exercising the warrants to acquire Units by netting out the difference between the trading price of the Units at the date of exercise of the warrant, and the warrant exercise price of \$0.60 per Unit and then having a proportionately reduced number of fully paid Units issued to the warrant holder.

The subordinated loan agreement requires the Fund to maintain certain financial covenants, including a maximum senior debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio of 2.5:1.0; a minimum current ratio of 1.4:1.0; a minimum adjusted TTM EBITDA value of \$8,000,000 and a total funded debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio of 3.5:1.0. There are additional restrictive covenants that limit the Fund's ability to undertake mergers, acquisitions, new indebtedness, declare distributions and other changes in the business without approval of the lenders.

The Fund's subordinated loan was due June 30, 2009. In addition, the Fund was not in compliance with its adjusted TTM EBITDA covenant and total funded debt to adjusted EBITDA covenant at December 31, 2009, January 31, 2010 or February 28, 2010. Notwithstanding the foregoing, repayment of the subordinated loan has not been demanded by the lenders. The Fund is currently working with its lenders to negotiate mutually acceptable financial covenants. See "*Risk Factors – Dependence on External Funding Sources*".

BUSINESS OF XS CARGO

Overview

XS Cargo is one of the largest broadline closeout retailers in Canada. XS Cargo opened its first store in Edmonton, Alberta in 1996 and currently operates 41 stores throughout Ontario, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the four western provinces.

The Company sells a broad range of quality brand name products including consumer electronics, small appliances, housewares, furniture, home decor, personal care, luggage and tools at a significant discount to regular retail prices. XS Cargo's merchandising philosophy is to offer "Nothing But Bargains" in its retail stores and to compete with general retailers on an item-by-item basis solely on price.

The Company's buyers are in the marketplace virtually every day, enabling them to source and take advantage of buying opportunities on an almost continuous basis. At the time potential purchases are evaluated, the Company compares published retail prices for the same or similar items and will generally only make the purchase if management believes the item can be retailed at the appropriate discount to the published retail price while still allowing the Company to achieve an acceptable margin.

XS Cargo's merchandise is generally obtained at a substantial discount to regular wholesale prices. The primary sources from which XS Cargo derives its merchandise are described below. The relative significance of each source changes from time to time depending on numerous economic factors and retail industry conditions.

Closeouts – XS Cargo buys merchandise from manufacturers, distributors and retailers when products are reaching the end of their life cycles and being replaced by newer models.

Returns – XS Cargo buys returned goods from manufacturers that have been inspected, serviced as necessary and meet the manufacturer's original specifications.

Excess Inventory – XS Cargo buys merchandise from manufacturers, distributors and retailers that are in possession of excess inventory resulting from factory overruns, cancelled orders, shelf pulls, package changes, buy backs and buying errors.

Business Terminations – XS Cargo buys merchandise from retailers, manufacturers and distributors that are going out of business.

Importing Program – XS Cargo buys merchandise directly from Chinese manufacturers.

Since inception in 1996, XS Cargo has not experienced any significant difficulty in obtaining quality, brand name closeout merchandise in adequate volumes and at attractive prices.

Operating Philosophy

The Company intends to continue to pursue the following operating strategies:

Pricing - The Company's strategy is to price every product offered by XS Cargo at a significant discount to regular retail prices, including prices offered by discounters and wholesale clubs. Management believes that price is the primary consideration for the Company's customers.

Targeted Advertising - XS Cargo advertises primarily in multi-page circulars ("flyers") distributed in local subscription daily newspapers and uses a focused price/item approach to highlight its price advantage over competing retailers and generate brand and location awareness for its stores.

Product Selection - XS Cargo focuses on a diverse selection of quality, name brand, high-demand merchandise to anchor its price and item advertising strategy. The Company's stores carry many of the same name brand products as general retailers. Certain core categories of merchandise are carried on a continual basis, although the specific brand names offered may change frequently. Management believes that the constantly changing product offerings generate repeat visits from its value conscious customers. The Company also carries more high value items and more brand name merchandise than other closeout retailers, which management believes provides it with an additional competitive advantage.

Attractive Store Economics - Consistent with XS Cargo's pricing strategy, overhead costs are minimized. As a destination retailer, the Company is not dependent on nearby customer traffic to generate traffic for its stores. Accordingly, the Company's stores, while conveniently located on or near major roadways with ample parking, are typically located in less expensive secondary sites, rather than in power centres, enclosed malls or new retail developments. Leasehold improvements and store fixtures are functional, but are not expensive. The average cost of equipment and leasehold improvements to open a new store has historically been less than \$120,000, an investment that has been recouped on average in less than two months. The average cost of equipment and leasehold improvements to open a new store is expected to rise to approximately \$140,000 per store in the future, although XS Cargo believes that the investment will still be capable of being recouped on average in two to three months. This increase is reflective of the rising cost of building material in Canada.

Growth Strategy

New Stores

XS Cargo's current plans are to open three (3) new stores during 2010. Two (2) new stores were opened in 2009. The Company did not open any new stores in 2008, however five (5) new stores were opened in 2007, eight (8) new stores in 2006 and eight (8) new stores in 2005. The Company intends to fund expansion through operating cash flows which is possible because of the low cost of equipment and leasehold improvements for new stores.

Same Store Sales

Prior to the 2007 to 2009 period (wherein a decrease in same store sales occurred), XS Cargo had increased its same store sales every year since 1998 primarily by expanding its selection of closeout merchandise and by adding new product categories. Management believes the Company can maintain its market share in existing core product categories such as housewares, luggage and home décor, and grow its market share in consumer electronics and toys in 2010. As such, the Company anticipates that there will be growth in same store sales in 2010 over 2009 levels. The Company has previously expanded through new store growth

and some of the new stores have been opened in locations with trading areas that overlap those of existing stores. In each market where this has occurred, management expects the new store to cause a decrease in sales of the existing store year over year, but a substantial increase in sales for the market on a combined basis. After the initial decrease caused by the new store opening, management expects to increase same store sales in each of the stores in the market.

Distribution and Logistics

The Company has its head office and western distribution centre located in Edmonton, Alberta. The western distribution centre handles merchandise for 18 stores in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. The Company has an eastern distribution centre located in Mississauga, Ontario, which serves 23 stores in Ontario, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The eastern distribution centre will be moved to a larger facility in May 2010 to accommodate the inventory volumes needed to service the eastern stores. Products are shipped from the distribution centres to the stores on a weekly basis.

Purchasing and Supply

An integral part of the Company's success is its ability to source and purchase quality brand name merchandise directly and indirectly from independent brokers and agents, consumer product manufacturers, distributors and retailers and other vendors at prices substantially below those paid by traditional retailers. The Company has an experienced buying team with extensive closeout purchasing experience, which the Company believes has enabled it to develop successful long-term relationships with many independent brokers and agents and other vendors in North America. Since inception, XS Cargo has not experienced any significant difficulty in obtaining quality, brand name closeout merchandise in adequate volumes and at attractive prices.

As industry trends such as retailer close out, consolidation and order cancellations place more inventory risk on manufacturers, management believes there will be an increase in the number of vendors looking for effective ways to reduce excess inventory. As a result, management believes that the Company will be able to take advantage of more, and often larger, buying opportunities as well as offer an enhanced selection of products to its customers.

The Company has built strong relationships with many vendors and has capitalized on its willingness to pay cash for most of its purchases to source merchandise that provides exceptional value to its customers. The Company has the ability to source and purchase significant quantities of its high demand and closeout merchandise in specific product categories and to control distribution in accordance with vendor instructions, thus providing a high level of service and convenience to these vendors. The Company supplements its traditional brand name closeout purchases with products manufactured to its specifications in China. The Company expects its purchasing philosophy and relationships with vendors will continue to enhance its ability to source quality closeout merchandise for its stores at competitive prices.

The Company's merchandise is purchased from a variety of suppliers that provide the Company with multiple sources for each product category. No one vendor accounted for more than 10% of the Company's merchandise purchases.

While the Company has long standing relationships with numerous vendors, it has no long-term purchase contracts. The Company's strategy is to make merchandise purchases on an opportunistic basis. In contrast to traditional retailers who may order goods far in advance of the time they will appear in the store, the Company's buyers are in the marketplace virtually every day, enabling them to source and take advantage of buying opportunities on an almost continuous basis. At the time potential purchases are evaluated, the Company compares the published retail prices for the same or similar items and will generally only make the purchase if it believes the items can be retailed at the appropriate discount to the published retail price while still allowing the Company to achieve an acceptable margin. Once purchased, the merchandise is typically transported from the seller, via the Company's warehouses and distribution facilities, to its stores within three weeks.

The Company is typically responsible for transporting products sourced through its vendor network in North America from their existing locations to the Company's warehouse and distribution facilities in Edmonton, Alberta or Mississauga, Ontario, and from the warehouses to the Company's stores. The Company has used an independent distribution and logistics company to coordinate pickup and delivery to and from the Company's warehouses on the Company's behalf.

Inventory and Pricing Strategy

The Company's pricing strategy is to offer every product at a significant discount to regular retail prices, including prices offered by discounters and wholesale clubs. The Company believes that price is the primary consideration for its customers. Therefore, the most important factor in the Company's performance and growth is its ability to sell merchandise from 40% to 80% below regular retail prices.

The Company's stores generally carry between 1,000 and 2,000 different products. Management believes that the superior breadth of its product mix and its focus on name brand products distinguishes it from and provides it with a competitive advantage to other discount retailers that have narrow product mixes or offer generic products.

Store Locations

The Company's stores are conveniently located on or near major roadways with ample parking and are typically located in less expensive sites in strip plazas, rather than in power centres, enclosed malls or new retail developments. The Company's advertising and pricing strategy is focused on making the stores destination retail shopping locations. See "Business of XS Cargo – Advertising and Promotion".

Store and Other Leases

The Company leases all of its store premises and its head office and warehouse premises. The Company's store leases typically have a five to ten year initial term with options to renew up to an additional 10 years. The average remaining term of the store leases is approximately 3 years (not including the exercise by the Company of all available renewal options). The leases are held by various landlords.

The Company's Edmonton warehouse/distribution and head office facility, which was built to the Company's specifications and opened in January 2006, is operated under a 10 year lease expiring on September 1, 2015. The Company's Mississauga, Ontario warehouse/distribution centre, which opened in April 2005, is operated under a five year lease expiring May 31, 2010. On May 1, 2010 the Mississauga distribution centre will move to a new facility with a 6 year lease expiring April 30, 2016.

Advertising and Promotion

The Company conducts advertising programs primarily by distributing flyers in local subscription daily newspapers. The Company does not target any specific consumer demographic with its advertising but distributes its flyers based primarily on the proximity of its stores to residential areas. The Company uses a focused price/item approach in its flyers to highlight its price advantage over competing retailers on specific, often brand name products. The flyers generally feature 180 to 200 products that vary with each flyer.

Stores and Store Operations

Site Selection

Since opening its first store in Edmonton, Alberta in 1996, the Company has expanded to 41 stores throughout Ontario, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the four western provinces. The Company's plans are to open three (3) new stores in 2010. The Company has developed all of its new stores to be similar in appearance and operation to its existing stores and does not anticipate any difficulties in identifying suitable additional store locations in areas within the Company's target markets.

Management believes that the Company's customers are attracted to its stores by the Company's advertising program, which emphasizes quality, brand name merchandise that the Company offers at attractive prices, rather than by location. This has allowed the Company to open its stores in secondary locations, such as strip malls rather than in power centres, enclosed malls or new retail developments. The Company is able to obtain relatively favourable lease terms because of its flexibility in site selection and "no-frills" format, which allows it to effectively use a wide variety of space configurations. As a result of this opportunistic approach to site selection, the Company believes its real estate costs are lower than those of other retailers.

Store Layout

The Company's opportunistic site selection and "no-frills" approach to presenting merchandise allow it to use a wide variety of space configurations. The size of its stores generally range from 6,300 to 17,000 square feet and average approximately 10,000 square feet. The Company designs its stores to be functional, with little emphasis placed upon fixtures and leasehold improvements.

Customer Service

The Company provides a 30 day warranty for defective goods that permits the customer to exchange the product for the same item or, if the same or a comparable item is not available, to receive a refund. The Company is often able to negotiate terms with its vendors that allow it to return defective merchandise for periods of up to nine months, generally for vendor credit. Many products carry standard manufacturer warranties. Historically, the Company has experienced returns of less than 2% of sales and on average over 50% of those returns can be returned by the Company to its vendors.

Store Management

Each store has a manager who is responsible for recruiting, training and supervising store personnel and assuring that the store is managed in accordance with the Company's established guidelines and procedures. Store managers are full-time employees who report to the District Store Manager. Merchandising, pricing and advertising decision-making for all stores is centralized at the Company's Edmonton head office.

Warehouse and Distribution

An important aspect of the Company's success is its ability to process, sort and distribute inventory quickly and efficiently. Historically, all of the Company's merchandise was ordered, received, inspected, counted and designated for individual stores at the Company's warehouse and distribution facilities in Edmonton, Alberta. The Company's 82,515 square foot warehouse and distribution centre in Mississauga, Ontario allows goods destined for the Company's stores located in Ontario and Atlantic Canada to be processed and distributed on a timely basis. The new Mississauga distribution centre opening in May 2010 will have a square footage of 141,566. The Company's Edmonton warehouse and distribution facility is 92,868 square feet.

As a general rule, the Company carries similar products in each of its stores, but the amount of inventory each store is allocated varies depending upon size, location and sales projections for that store. The Company ships most of its merchandise to its stores within three weeks of its arrival at the Company's warehouses.

Management Information Systems

The Company uses the same point of sale system in all of its stores, which provides perpetual inventory quantities, stock value, sales and operational information and cash control. The system is based on a widely utilized database system, which has been customized to meet the Company's strategic management information needs. Cash is reconciled on a daily basis and inventory is test counted daily and weekly. A full physical inventory count is conducted quarterly with the assistance of an independent inventory management company. All sales are cash, credit or debit card, so the Company experiences minimal bad debts. During March 2007, the Company entered into an agreement with a third party software vendor for the purchase of a new point-of-sale and inventory management system which system was implemented during the last half of 2007. Problems with the implementation of this new system led to serious supply chain disruptions in the fourth quarter of 2007, however all of such issues were resolved in 2008.

Employees

The Company had approximately 642 employees at December 31, 2009, of whom 113 are salaried employees and the remainder are hourly employees. The Company has no unionized employees.

Competition and Strategic Positioning

All aspects of the retailing industry are highly competitive. Management believes that the Company is unique in the closeout retailing industry in Canada with respect to its product mix, and therefore does not have a competitor to which it can be directly compared. On a product-by-product basis, the Company competes with discount stores (such as Wal-Mart® Stores Inc.), wholesale clubs (such as Costco® Wholesale Corporation), discount drugstore chains (such as London Drugs® Limited), other broadline closeout retailers (such as Liquidation World Inc.), other value-oriented specialty retailers, and general retailers and department stores, as well as internet-based closeout and other general merchandise retailers. Although some of these competitors may have greater financial, distribution, marketing and other resources, the Company purchases most of its merchandise on an opportunity basis, which allows it to sell its products at prices that management believes are lower than other competitors in the retail industry. While the Company offers its products at significant discounts to most conventional retailers, some specialty retailers may compete with the Company on a non-price basis, such as specialty retailers that offer additional after-sale service or unique shopping environments.

The Company also relies on buying opportunities from both existing and new sources, for which it competes with other retailers and wholesalers. The Company has long-standing relationships with many of its suppliers and is competitively positioned to maintain such relationships and to seek new sources in order to maintain an adequate continuing supply of quality merchandise at attractive prices.

The Company also competes with other retailers for store locations.

Trademarks

The Company is the owner of the registered Canadian trademark "XS CARGO NOTHING BUT BARGAINS".

XS CARGO INCOME FUND

The Fund is an unincorporated open-ended investment trust governed by the laws of the Province of Alberta and created pursuant to the Declaration of Trust. The Fund qualifies as a "mutual fund trust" for the purposes of the Tax Act, but the Fund is not a mutual fund under applicable securities laws.

The Fund is not a trust company and is not registered under applicable legislation governing trust companies as it does not carry on or intend to carry on the business of a trust company. The Units are not "deposits" within the meaning of the *Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation Act* (Canada) and are not insured under the provisions of that Act or any other legislation.

The following is a summary including a description of the material provisions of the Declaration of Trust. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Declaration of Trust.

Activities of the Fund

The Declaration of Trust provides that the Fund's operations and activities shall be restricted to:

- (a) acquiring, investing in, holding, transferring, disposing of or otherwise dealing with the debt and equity securities of any of the XS Cargo Entities, and other corporations, partnerships, trusts or other Persons involved, directly or indirectly, in the broadline closeout retail business and businesses related, ancillary or incidental thereto, and such other investments as the Trustees may determine;
- (b) acquiring, investing in, holding, transferring, disposing of or otherwise dealing with securities issued by, or loans made to any of the XS Cargo Entities, or any other business entity or other Person in which a XS Cargo Entity has or is concurrently acquiring an interest;
- (c) investing in securities of other issuers that meet the Fund's investment criteria;
- (d) disposing of all or any part of the property of the Fund;

- (e) holding cash in interest bearing accounts with Canadian financial institutions or investing such monies in Permitted Investments;
- (f) issuing Units, Special Voting Units and other securities of the Fund including, without limitation, rights, warrants, convertible securities or options to acquire Units or Special Voting Units or other securities of the Fund;
- (g) issuing debt securities (including debt securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, Units, Special Voting Units or other securities of the Fund) or otherwise borrowing, mortgaging, pledging, charging, granting a security interest in or otherwise encumbering any of the Fund's assets as security for any of its obligations, liabilities or indebtedness;
- (h) guaranteeing (as guarantor, surety or co-principal obligor) the payment of any indebtedness, liability or obligation of any Person including, without limitation, any XS Cargo Entity or the performance of any obligation of any Person including, without limitation, any XS Cargo Entity, and mortgaging, pledging, charging, granting a security interest in or otherwise encumbering all or any part of the Fund's assets as security for such guarantee and subordinating its rights under the XSCOT Notes to other indebtedness and obligations;
- (i) purchasing, repurchasing or redeeming securities issued by the Fund;
- (j) satisfying the obligations, liabilities or indebtedness of the Fund;
- (k) entering into and performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, the Securityholders Agreement, the Exchange Agreement, the Underwriting Agreement and such other agreements as are contemplated by the IPO Prospectus, and the IPO and all matters ancillary thereto; and
- (l) undertaking such other activities, or taking such actions (including investing in securities), related to or in connection with the foregoing or as contemplated by the Declaration of Trust or as may be approved by the Trustees from time to time,

provided that the Fund shall not undertake any activity, take any action, or purchase or authorize the purchase of any investment that would not be allowed for a mutual fund trust under subsection 132(6) of the Tax Act. In connection with this duty, the Trustees have broad authority and are entitled to take such actions as they consider necessary or appropriate in accordance with the Declaration of Trust to preserve the mutual fund status of the Fund, including as described under "Limitation on Non Resident Ownership".

Units and Special Voting Units

The beneficial interests in the Fund are divided into interests of two classes, described and designated as "Units" and "Special Voting Units", respectively. An unlimited number of Units and Special Voting Units are issuable pursuant to the Declaration of Trust. Each Unit is transferable and represents an equal undivided beneficial interest in any distributions from the Fund whether of net income, net realized capital gains or other amounts and in the net assets of the Fund in the event of a termination or winding-up of the Fund. The Units are not subject to future calls or assessments and entitle the holder thereof to one vote for each whole Unit held at all meetings of Voting Unitholders. Except as set out under "Redemption Right" below, the Units have no conversion, retraction, redemption or pre-emptive rights.

The Special Voting Units are not entitled to any interest or share in the Fund, in any distribution from the Fund whether of net income, net realized capital gains or other amounts, or in the net assets of the Fund in the event of a termination or winding-up of the Fund. Special Voting Units may, however, be redeemed by the holder at any time for nominal consideration.

Special Voting Units may be issued in series and will only be issued in connection with or in relation to Exchangeable LP Units, Subordinated LP Units and, if the Trustees so determine, other securities exchangeable, directly or indirectly, for Units (collectively, "**Exchangeable Securities**"), in each case for the purpose of providing voting rights with respect to the Fund to the holders of Exchangeable Securities. Special Voting Units were issued in conjunction with, and are attached to, the Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units (or other Exchangeable Securities) to which they relate, and are evidenced only by the certificates representing such Exchangeable Securities. Special Voting Units are not transferable separately from the Exchangeable Securities to which they are attached. Each Special Voting Unit entitles the holder thereof to that number of votes

at any meeting of Voting Unitholders that is equal to the number of Units that may be obtained upon the exchange (direct or indirect) of the Exchangeable LP Unit, Subordinated LP Units or other Exchangeable Security to which it is attached. Upon the exchange or conversion of an Exchangeable Security for Units, the Special Voting Unit that is attached to such Exchangeable Security will immediately be cancelled without any further action of the Trustees, and the former holder of such Special Voting Unit will cease to have any rights with respect thereto.

Issued and outstanding Units and Special Voting Units may be subdivided or consolidated from time to time by the Trustees without the approval of Voting Unitholders.

No certificates will be issued for fractional Units and fractional Units will not entitle the holders thereof to vote.

Issuance of Units

The Fund may issue Units or rights to acquire Units at those times, to those persons, for that consideration and on the terms and conditions that the Trustees determine, including pursuant to any Unitholder rights plan or any incentive option or other compensation plan established by the Fund. Units may be issued in satisfaction of any non-cash distributions of the Fund to Unitholders on a pro rata basis. The Declaration of Trust provides that immediately after any pro rata distribution of Units to all Unitholders in satisfaction of any non-cash distribution, the number of outstanding Units will be consolidated such that each Unitholder will hold after the consolidation the same number of Units as the Unitholder held before the non-cash distribution (except where tax was required to be withheld in respect of the Unitholder's share of the distribution as described below). In this case, each certificate representing a number of Units prior to the non-cash distribution is deemed to represent the same number of Units after the non-cash distribution and the consolidation. Where amounts so distributed represent income, non-resident Unitholders will be subject to withholding tax and, accordingly, the consolidation will not result in such non-resident Unitholder holding the same number of Units. Such non-resident Unitholders will be required to surrender the certificates (if any) representing their original Units in exchange for a certificate representing their post-consolidation Units.

Trustees

The Fund is required to have a minimum of three Trustees and a maximum of seven Trustees, the majority of whom must be residents of Canada (within the meaning of the Tax Act). The Trustees supervise the activities and manage the affairs of the Fund.

As at December 31, 2009, the Trustees, who were also directors of the GP, were William M. Gray, David B. Margolus and Gordon J. Clanachan. See "Management, Trustees and Directors – Directors and Officers of the GP" for the principal occupations of the Trustees.

Trustees are appointed at each annual meeting of Voting Unitholders to hold office for a term expiring at the close of the next annual meeting. A quorum of the Trustees, being a majority of the Trustees then holding office, may fill a vacancy in the Trustees, except a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number of Trustees (other than as provided below) or from a failure of the Voting Unitholders to elect the required number of Trustees at a meeting of the Voting Unitholders called for such purpose. In the absence of a quorum of Trustees, or if the vacancy has arisen from a failure of the Voting Unitholders to elect the required number of Trustees at a meeting of the Voting Unitholders called for such purpose, the Trustees must forthwith call a special meeting of the Voting Unitholders to fill the vacancy. If the Trustees fail to call such meeting or if there are not Trustees then in office, any Voting Unitholder may call the meeting. The Trustees may, prior to the first annual meeting of Voting Unitholders or between annual meetings of Voting Unitholders, appoint one or more additional Trustees to serve until the next annual meeting of Voting Unitholders, but the number of additional Trustees so appointed may not at any time exceed one-third of the number of Trustees who held office at the expiration of the immediately preceding annual meeting of Voting Unitholders.

A Trustee may resign upon written notice to the Fund and may be removed by a resolution passed by a majority of the Voting Unitholders. A vacancy created by such removal may be filled at the same meeting, failing which it may be filled by the remaining Trustees.

The Declaration of Trust provides that, subject to its terms and conditions, the Trustees have full, absolute and exclusive power, control and authority over the assets of the Fund and over the affairs of the Fund to the same extent as if the Trustees were the sole and absolute legal and beneficial owners of the assets of the Fund, and may, in respect of the assets of the Fund, exercise any and all rights, powers and privileges that could be exercised by a legal and beneficial owner thereof. Subject to such terms and

conditions, the Trustees are responsible for, among other things: (i) supervising the activities and managing the investments and the affairs of the Fund; (ii) maintaining records and providing reports to Voting Unitholders; (iii) effecting payments of distributable cash from the Fund to Unitholders; (iv) acting for, voting on behalf of and representing the Fund as a holder of XSCOT Units and a holder of XSCOT Notes and other securities; (v) voting in favour of the Fund's nominees to serve as trustees of XSCOT; and (vi) causing XSCOT to vote in favour of the Fund's nominees as directors of the GP.

The Declaration of Trust provides that the Trustees must act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Fund and in connection therewith must exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. The Declaration of Trust provides that each Trustee and officer of the Fund, as well as former Trustees and officers, and their respective heirs and legal representatives, will be entitled to indemnification from the assets of the Fund in respect of the exercise of that person's powers, and the discharge of that person's duties, provided that the person acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interest of the Fund and, in the case of a criminal or administrative action or proceeding that is enforced by a monetary penalty, where the person had reasonable grounds for believing that his or her conduct was lawful.

Cash Distributions

The Fund is to make monthly cash distributions of its distributable cash to Unitholders to the extent determined prudent by the Trustees. The amount of cash available for distribution is equal to the interest and principal repayments on the XSCOT Notes and the distributions (if any) on or in respect of the XSCOT Units owned by the Fund and all other amounts, if any, from any other investments from time to time held by the Fund received in such period, less amounts that are paid, payable, incurred or provided for in such period in connection with: (a) administrative expenses and other obligations of the Fund; (b) amounts that may be paid by the Fund in connection with any cash redemptions or repurchases of Units; (c) satisfaction of debt service or other obligations of the Fund on account of both principal and interest; and (d) any amount that the Trustees may reasonably consider to be necessary to provide for the payment of any costs, expenses, obligations or liabilities including any tax liability of the Fund, that have been or are reasonably expected to be incurred in the activities and operations of the Fund (to the extent that such costs, expenses, obligations or liabilities have not otherwise been taken into account in the calculation of the available distributable cash of the Fund).

The Fund may make additional distributions in excess of the aforementioned monthly distributions during the year, as the Trustees may determine. The distribution declared in respect of the month ending December 31 in each year will include such amount in respect of the taxable income and net realized capital gains, if any, of the Fund for such year as is necessary to ensure that the Fund will not be liable for ordinary income taxes under the Tax Act in such year.

Any income of the Fund that is unavailable for cash distribution will, to the extent necessary to ensure that the Fund does not have any income tax liability under Part I of the Tax Act, be distributed to Unitholders in the form of additional Units. Such additional Units will be issued pursuant to applicable exemptions under applicable securities laws, discretionary exemptions granted by applicable securities regulatory authorities or a prospectus or similar filing.

Unitholders who are non-residents of Canada are required to pay all withholding taxes payable in respect of any distributions of income by the Fund, whether such distributions are in the form of cash or additional Units. Non-residents should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of investing in the Units.

The Fund, XSCOT and the Company have considerable discretion in determining the amount of cash distributions. Cash distributions are not guaranteed and will fluctuate with, among other things, the Company's performance. No distributions were made by the Fund in either 2008 or 2009. The Fund first reduced distributions to Unitholders in March 2007, reduced distributions further in May 2007 and suspended distributions completely in December 2007. See "Risk Factors – Risks Relating to the Structure of the Fund – Cash Distributions".

Redemption Right

Units are redeemable at any time on demand by the holders thereof upon delivery to the Fund of a duly completed and properly executed notice requesting redemption in a form approved by the Trustees specifying the number of Units to be redeemed. As the Units are issued in book-entry form, a Unitholder who wishes to exercise the redemption right will be required to obtain a redemption notice form from the Unitholder's investment dealer. As of the close of business on the date the Units are surrendered

for redemption, all rights to and under the Units tendered for redemption shall (subject to the following) be surrendered and the holder thereof shall be entitled to receive a price per Unit (the "**Redemption Price**") equal to the lesser of:

- (a) 90% of the Market Price of the Units on the principal stock exchange on which the Units are listed (or, if the Units are not listed on any stock exchange, on the principal market on which the Units are quoted for trading) during the period of the last 10 trading days during which the Units traded on such stock exchange or market ending immediately prior to the date on which the Units were tendered for redemption; and
- (b) the Closing Market Price of the Units on the date on which the Units were tendered for redemption on the principal stock exchange on which Units are listed (or, if Units are not listed on any stock exchange, on the principal market on which the Units are quoted for trading).

For the purposes of determining the Redemption Price, "Market Price" for a specified trading period will be the amount equal to the weighted average of the trading prices of the Units on the applicable market or exchange for each of the trading days on which there was a trade during the specified trading day period; provided that if there was trading on the applicable exchange or market for fewer than five of the trading days during the specified trading day period, "Market Price" for a specified trading period will be the average of the following prices established for each of the trading days during the specified trading day period: the average of the last bid and ask prices for each trading day on which there was no trading and the weighted average trading prices of the Units for each trading day on which there was trading. For the purposes of determining the Redemption Price, "Closing Market Price" will be: (i) an amount equal to the closing price of the Units on the applicable market or exchange if there was a trade on the specified date and the applicable market or exchange provides a closing price; (ii) an amount equal to the average of the highest and lowest prices of Units on the applicable market or exchange if there was trading on the specified date and the applicable market or exchange provides only the highest and lowest trading prices of Units traded on a particular day; or (iii) the average of the last bid and ask prices on the applicable market or exchange if there was no trading on the specified date.

The aggregate Redemption Price payable by the Fund in respect of any Units surrendered for redemption during any calendar month will be satisfied by way of a cash payment by the Fund no later than the last day of the calendar month following the calendar month in which the Units were tendered for redemption, provided that the entitlement of the Unitholders to receive cash upon the redemption of their Units is subject to the limitations that:

- (c) the total amount payable in cash by the Fund in respect of such Units and all other Units tendered for redemption in the same calendar month may not exceed \$50,000 (the "**Monthly Limit**"), provided that the Trustees may, in their sole discretion, waive such limitation in respect of all Units tendered for redemption in any calendar month;
- (d) at the time such Units are tendered for redemption, the outstanding Units must be listed for trading on a stock exchange or traded or quoted on another market that, in the sole discretion of the Trustees, provides a representative fair market value price for the Units; and
- (e) the normal trading of Units must not be suspended or halted on any stock exchange on which the Units are listed (or, if not listed on a stock exchange, on any market on which the Units are quoted for trading) on the date that the Units are tendered for redemption or for more than five trading days during the 10 trading day period prior to the date on which the Units are tendered for redemption.

If a Unitholder is not entitled to receive cash upon the redemption of Units as a result of one or more of the foregoing limitations, then each Unit tendered for redemption will, subject to any applicable regulatory approvals, be redeemed by way of a distribution in specie. In such circumstances, XSCOT Units and Series 1 XSCOT Notes of a value equal to the Redemption Price will be redeemed by XSCOT in consideration of the issuance to the Fund of Series 2 XSCOT Notes. The Series 2 XSCOT Notes will then be distributed in satisfaction of the Redemption Price. The Fund will be entitled to all interest paid on the XSCOT Notes and the distributions paid on the XSCOT Units on or before the date of the distribution in specie. Where the Fund makes a distribution in specie of a pro rata number of securities of XSCOT on the redemption of Units of a Unitholder, the Fund currently intends to designate to that Unitholder any income or capital gain realized by the Fund as a result of the redemption of XSCOT Units and Series 1 XSCOT Notes in exchange for Series 2 XSCOT Notes, or as a result of the distribution of Series 2 XSCOT Notes to the Unitholder on the redemption of such Units.

It is anticipated that the redemption right described above will not be the primary mechanism for holders of Units to dispose of their Units. Series 2 XSCOT Notes that may be distributed in specie to Unitholders in connection with a redemption will not be listed on any stock exchange and no market is expected to develop in Series 2 XSCOT Notes and they may be subject to resale restrictions under applicable securities laws. Series 2 XSCOT Notes so distributed may not be qualified investments for trusts governed by Exempt Plans at the time.

Repurchase of Units

The Fund is allowed, from time to time, to purchase Units for cancellation in accordance with applicable securities laws and the rules prescribed under applicable stock exchange or regulatory policies.

Meetings of Voting Unitholders

The Declaration of Trust provides that meetings of Voting Unitholders are required to be called and held annually, for the purpose of: (i) the election of Trustees, (ii) the appointment of auditors of the Fund for the ensuing year, (iii) generally, any other matter that requires a resolution of Voting Unitholders, and (iv) transacting such other business as the Trustees may determine or as may be properly brought before the meeting. The Declaration of Trust provides that the Voting Unitholders are entitled to pass resolutions that will bind the Fund only with respect to:

- (a) the election or removal of Trustees;
- (b) any amalgamation, arrangement, other merger or capital reorganization of the Fund with any other entity, except in conjunction with an internal reorganization or the acquisition by the Fund or a XS Cargo Entity of the securities or assets of another entity;
- (c) the appointment or removal of nominees of the Fund chosen by the Voting Unitholders to serve as trustees of XSCOT, except filling casual vacancies;
- (d) the appointment or removal of the auditors of the Fund;
- (e) the appointment of an inspector to investigate the performance by the Trustees in respect of their respective responsibilities and duties in respect of the Fund;
- (f) the approval of amendments to the Declaration of Trust (as described under "XS Cargo Income Fund – Amendments to the Declaration of Trust");
- (g) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Fund;
- (h) the exercise of certain voting rights attached to the securities of XSCOT or the Company held directly or indirectly by the Fund, subject to the provisions of any securityholders agreement including, without limitation, the Securityholders Agreement;
- (i) the election of nominees of the Fund to act as directors of the GP or the removal thereof, except filling casual vacancies;
- (j) the dissolution of the Fund prior to the end of its term; and
- (k) such other business as the Trustees may determine or as may properly be brought before the meeting, including, without limitation, any other matters required by securities law, stock exchange rules or other laws or regulations to be submitted to Voting Unitholders for their approval, including, if so required, the ratification of any Unitholder rights plan, distribution reinvestment plan, Unit purchase plan, Unit option plan or other compensation plan.

No other action taken by Voting Unitholders or any other resolution of the Voting Unitholders at any meeting will in any way bind the Trustees.

Resolutions (i) electing or removing Trustees, (ii) electing or removing nominees of the Fund to serve as trustees of XSCOT or as directors of the GP, (iii) appointing or removing the auditors of the Fund, (iv) with respect to the exercise of certain voting rights attached to the securities of XSCOT or the Company held, directly or indirectly, by the Fund, (v) where applicable, ratifying any Unitholder rights plan, distribution reinvestment plan, Unit purchase plan, Unit option plan or other compensation plan requiring Voting Unitholder approval under securities law, stock exchange rules or other laws or regulations, and (vi) where applicable, matters required by securities law, stock exchange rules or other laws or regulations be submitted to Voting Unitholders, must be passed by a simple majority of the votes cast by Voting Unitholders. The balance of the foregoing matters must be passed by a resolution of the Voting Unitholders passed by not less than 66 2/3% of the votes cast, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of Voting Unitholders called for the purpose of approving such resolution, or approved in writing by the holders of not less than 66 2/3% of the Voting Units entitled to vote on such resolution (a "**Special Resolution**").

Subject to the foregoing limitations, a meeting of Voting Unitholders may be convened at any time and for any purpose by the Trustees and must be convened if requisitioned in writing by the holders of not less than 5% of the Voting Units then outstanding. A requisition must state in reasonable detail the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.

Voting Unitholders may attend and vote at all meetings of the Voting Unitholders either in person or by proxy and a proxy holder need not be a Voting Unitholder. Two persons present in person and either holding personally or representing by proxy in the aggregate at least 10% of the votes attached to all outstanding Voting Units will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at all such meetings. At any meeting at which a quorum is not present within one-half hour after the time fixed for the holding of such meeting, the meeting, if convened upon the request of the Voting Unitholders, will be terminated (not adjourned), but in any other case, the meeting will stand adjourned to a day not less than 14 days later and to a place and time as chosen by the chair of the meeting, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, the Voting Unitholders present either in person or by proxy will be deemed to constitute a quorum.

The Declaration of Trust contains provisions as to the notice required and other procedures with respect to the calling and holding of meetings of Voting Unitholders.

Limitation on Non-Resident Ownership

In order for the Fund to maintain its status as a mutual fund trust under the Tax Act, the Fund must not be established or maintained primarily for the benefit of Non-residents within the meaning of the Tax Act. Accordingly, the Declaration of Trust provides that at no time may Non-residents be the beneficial owners of more than 49% of the Units. This 49% limitation is applied with respect to the issued and outstanding Units of the Fund on both a non-diluted basis and a fully diluted basis. The Trustees may require declarations as to the jurisdictions in which beneficial owners of Units and Special Voting Units are resident. In furtherance of the foregoing restrictions, the Trustees may also elect to not accept subscriptions for Units from or issue or register a transfer of Units to any person unless the person provides a declaration that he or she is not a Non-resident within the meaning of the Tax Act. If, notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustees determine, in their sole discretion, that more than 49% of the Units are held by Non-residents, or that such a situation is reasonably possible, the Trustees may send a notice to Non-resident Unitholders, chosen in inverse order to the order of acquisition or registration or in any other manner the Trustees consider equitable and practicable, requiring them to sell their Units or a portion thereof within a specified period. If the Unitholders receiving such notice have not sold the specified number of Units or provided the Trustees with satisfactory evidence that they are not Non-residents within such period, the Trustees may, on behalf of such persons, sell such Units and, in the interim, the voting and distribution rights attached to such Units shall be suspended. Upon such a sale, the affected holders shall cease to be holders of the Units and their rights shall be limited to receiving the net proceeds of such sale. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustees shall not take any action that shall affect the rights of the Vendor Group to or in respect of any Units held by any member of the Vendor Group on closing of the Acquisition or any Units subsequently acquired on the exchange of Exchangeable LP Units or Subordinated LP Units held by any member of the Vendor Group on closing of the Acquisition, and, for greater certainty, any of such Units shall be deemed for these purposes to have been acquired by such member prior to the acquisition of Units by any Unitholder.

Amendments to the Declaration of Trust

The Declaration of Trust may be amended or altered from time to time with the consent of the Voting Unitholders by a Special Resolution.

The Trustees may, at their discretion and without the approval of the Voting Unitholders, make certain amendments to the Declaration of Trust, including amendments: (i) for the purpose of ensuring continuing compliance and conformity of the Declaration of Trust with applicable laws, regulations, requirements or policies of any governmental authority having jurisdiction over the Trustees or the Fund, (ii) which, in the opinion of counsel to the Trustees, provide additional protection or added benefits for Unitholders, (iii) to remove any conflicts or inconsistencies in the Declaration of Trust or to make minor changes or corrections that, in the opinion of the Trustees, are necessary or desirable and not prejudicial to the Unitholders, (iv) which, in the opinion of the Trustees, are necessary or desirable as a result of changes in taxation laws or policies of any governmental authority having jurisdiction over the Trustees or the Fund, or (v) for the purpose of ensuring that the Fund continues to qualify as a mutual fund trust under the Tax Act.

Notwithstanding the previous sentence, the Trustees may not amend the Declaration of Trust in a manner that would result in the Fund failing to qualify as a mutual fund trust under the Tax Act.

Term of the Fund

The Fund has been established for a term ending 21 years after the date of death of the last surviving issue of Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II, alive on April 6, 2005. On a date selected by the Trustees that is not more than two years prior to the expiry of the term of the Fund, the Trustees are obligated to commence to wind-up the affairs of the Fund so that it will terminate on the expiration of the term. In addition, at any time prior to the expiry of the term of the Fund, the Voting Unitholders may by a Special Resolution require the Trustees to commence the termination, liquidation or wind-up of the affairs of the Fund.

The Declaration of Trust provides that, upon being required to commence the termination, liquidation or winding-up of the affairs of the Fund, the Trustees will give notice thereof to the Voting Unitholders, which notice shall designate the time or times at which Voting Unitholders may surrender their Voting Units for cancellation and the date at which the register of Voting Units will be closed. After the date the register is closed, the Trustees will proceed to wind up the affairs of the Fund as soon as may be reasonably practicable and for such purpose will, subject to any direction to the contrary in respect of a termination authorized by a resolution of the Voting Unitholders, sell and convert into money the XSCOT Units, XSCOT Notes and all other assets comprising the Fund in one transaction or in a series of transactions at public or private sales and do all other acts appropriate to liquidate the Fund. After paying, retiring, discharging or making provision for the payment, retirement or discharge of all known liabilities and obligations of the Fund and providing for indemnity against any other outstanding liabilities and obligations, the Trustees will distribute the remaining part of the proceeds of the sale of the XSCOT Units, XSCOT Notes and other assets comprising the Fund together with any cash forming part of the assets of the Fund among the Unitholders in accordance with their pro rata interests. If the Trustees are unable to sell all or any of XSCOT Units, XSCOT Notes or other assets which comprise part of the Fund by the date set for termination, the Trustees may distribute the remaining Trust Units, XSCOT Notes or other assets in specie directly to the Unitholders in accordance with their pro rata interests subject to obtaining all required regulatory approvals.

Take-over Bids

The Declaration of Trust contains provisions to the effect that if a take-over bid is made for the Units and 90% or more of the Units on a fully diluted basis (other than any Units held at the date of the take-over bid by or on behalf of the offeror or associates or affiliates of the offeror) are taken up and paid for by the offeror, the offeror will be entitled to acquire the Units held by holders who did not accept the take-over bid, on the same terms on which the offeror acquired Units pursuant to the take-over bid.

The Declaration of Trust and the Exchange Agreement include provisions to facilitate the exchange of Exchangeable LP Units for Units so that a holder of Exchangeable LP Units may exercise its rights to exchange all or a portion of such holdings for Units, including conditionally, in order to tender to a take-over bid.

Information and Reports

The Fund will furnish to Voting Unitholders, in accordance with applicable securities laws, such financial statements of the Fund (including quarterly and annual financial statements) and other reports as are from time to time required by applicable law, including prescribed forms needed for the completion of Unitholders' tax returns under the Tax Act and equivalent provincial legislation. Prior to each meeting of Voting Unitholders, the Trustees will provide the Voting Unitholders (along with notice of such meeting) all such information as is required by applicable law and the Declaration of Trust to be provided to Voting Unitholders.

The Trustees, the trustees of XSCOT and directors and senior officers of other subsidiaries of the Fund, including the GP and XS Cargo LP, are required to file insider reports and comply with insider trading provisions under applicable Canadian securities legislation in respect of trades made by such persons in Units.

Book-Entry Only System

Registration of interests in and transfers of the Units are made only through a book-based system administered by CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc. ("**CDS**"). Units must be purchased, transferred and surrendered for redemption through a participant in the CDS depository service (a "**CDS Participant**"). All rights of Unitholders must be exercised through, and all payments or other property to which the Unitholder is entitled are made or delivered by, CDS or the CDS Participant through which the Unitholder holds the Units. Upon a purchase of any Units, the Unitholder will receive only a customer confirmation from the registered dealer that is a CDS Participant and from or through which the Units are purchased. References in this annual information form to a Unitholder mean, unless the context otherwise requires, the owner of the beneficial interest in those Units.

The ability of a beneficial owner of Units to pledge those Units or otherwise take action with respect to the Unitholder's interest in those Units (other than through a CDS Participant) may be limited due to the lack of a physical certificate.

The Fund has the option to terminate registration of the Units through the CDS book-entry only system, in which case certificates for the Units in fully registered form would be issued to beneficial owners of those Units or their nominees.

Financial Year End

The fiscal year end of the Fund is December 31.

Conflicts of Interest

The Declaration of Trust contains "conflict of interest" provisions that serve to protect Unitholders without creating undue limitations on the Fund. The Declaration of Trust provides that if a Trustee or an officer of the Fund is a party to a material contract or transaction or proposed material contract or transaction with the Fund or any of its affiliates, or is a director or officer of, or has a material interest in, any person who is a party to a material contract or transaction or proposed material contract or transaction with the Fund, such Trustee or officer of the Fund or any of its affiliates, as the case may be, shall disclose in writing to the Trustees or request to have entered in the minutes of meetings of the Trustees the nature and extent of such interest. Except in certain specified circumstances, a Trustee who is a party to or so interested in such a material contract or transaction will be precluded from voting on such a material contract or transaction but the presence of such Trustee at the relevant meeting shall be counted towards any quorum requirement. These provisions in the Declaration of Trust are intended to be equivalent to the provisions of the ABCA applicable to directors and officers of a corporation.

XS CARGO OPERATING TRUST

The XSCOT Declaration of Trust contains provisions substantially similar to those of the Declaration of Trust. The following is a summary, which does not purport to be complete, of certain provisions of the XSCOT Declaration of Trust insofar as they differ from those of the Declaration of Trust. Reference is made to the XSCOT Declaration of Trust for the full text of its provisions.

General

XSCOT is an unincorporated trust established under the laws of the Province of Alberta pursuant to the XSCOT Declaration of Trust. The activities of XSCOT are restricted to the conduct, directly or indirectly, of the business of, and the ownership, operation and lease of assets and property in connection with, the operation of the broadband closeout store business, including all activities ancillary or incidental thereto, and such other businesses and activities as the trustees of XSCOT may determine may be and having investments and other direct or indirect rights in companies or other entities involved, directly or indirectly, in the broadband closeout retail business, including all activities ancillary or incidental thereto, and such other businesses and activities as the trustees of XSCOT. The fiscal year end of XSCOT is December 31.

Trustees of XSCOT

XSCOT must have a minimum of three trustees and a maximum of seven trustees. A majority of the trustees of XSCOT must be residents of Canada within the meaning of the Tax Act. The trustees of XSCOT are to supervise the activities and manage the affairs of XSCOT. The trustees of XSCOT will be the persons who serve as the Trustees.

As at December 31, 2009, the Trustees, were William M. Gray, David B. Margolus and Gordon J. Clanachan. No person other than the Fund, as the holder of all of the outstanding XSCOT Units, has the right to appoint any trustees of XSCOT.

The XSCOT Declaration of Trust provides that, subject to the terms and conditions thereof, the trustees of XSCOT have full, absolute and exclusive power, control and authority over the assets of XSCOT and over the affairs of XSCOT to the same extent as if the trustees of XSCOT were the sole and absolute beneficial owners of the assets of XSCOT, and may, in respect of such assets, exercise any and all rights, powers and privileges that could be exercised by a legal and beneficial owner thereof. Subject to such terms and conditions, the trustees of XSCOT are responsible for, among other things: (i) acting for, voting on behalf of and representing XSCOT as a holder of LP Units and a holder of GP Common Shares, (ii) maintaining records and providing reports to the XSCOT Unitholders, (iii) supervising the activities and managing the investments and affairs of XSCOT, and (iv) effecting payments of distributable cash from XSCOT to the XSCOT Unitholders and payments of interest and principal on the XSCOT Notes.

Cash Distributions

XSCOT makes monthly cash distributions of its distributable cash to the extent determined prudent by the trustees of XSCOT. The amount of cash to be distributed monthly per Trust Unit to the XSCOT Unitholders is equal to a pro rata share of distributions on or in respect of Ordinary LP Units owned by XSCOT and all other amounts, if any, from any other investments from time to time held by XSCOT received in such period, less amounts which are paid, payable, incurred or provided for in such period in connection with:

- (a) administrative expenses and other obligations of XSCOT;
- (b) any interest expense (including interest payable in respect of the XSCOT Notes) incurred by XSCOT;
- (c) principal repayments in respect of the XSCOT Notes considered advisable by the trustees of XSCOT and any other debt obligations of XSCOT;
- (d) any cash redemptions or repurchases of the XSCOT Units or the XSCOT Notes; and
- (e) any amount that the trustees of XSCOT may reasonably consider to be necessary to provide for the payment of any costs or expenses, including any tax liability of XSCOT, that have been or are reasonably expected to be incurred in the activities and operations of XSCOT (to the extent that such costs or expenses have not otherwise been taken into account in the calculation of the available distributable cash of XSCOT).

Such distributions are payable to holders of record of XSCOT Units on the last business day of each month and are paid within 15 days following each month end. The cash distributions payable by XSCOT are intended to be received by the Fund before its related cash distribution to Unitholders.

The distribution declared by the trustees of XSCOT in respect of the month ending December 31 in each year will include such amount in respect of the taxable income and net realized capital gains, if any, of XSCOT for such year as is necessary to ensure that XSCOT will not be liable for ordinary income taxes under the Tax Act in such year.

Any income of XSCOT that is unavailable for cash distribution will, to the extent necessary to ensure that XSCOT does not have any income tax liability under Part I of the Tax Act, be distributed to the XSCOT Unitholders in the form of additional XSCOT Units. The value of each Trust Unit so issued is equal to the redemption price thereof. The XSCOT Declaration of Trust provides that immediately after any pro rata distribution of XSCOT Units in satisfaction of any non-cash distribution, the number of outstanding XSCOT Units will be consolidated such that each holder of XSCOT Units will hold after consolidation the same number of XSCOT Units as the holder held before the non-cash distribution.

Unit Certificates

As XSCOT Units are not intended to be issued or held by any person other than the Fund, registration of interests in, and transfers of, the XSCOT Units are not to be made through the book-entry only system. Rather, holders of XSCOT Units are entitled to receive certificates therefor.

The XSCOT Notes

The following is a summary of the material attributes and characteristics of the XSCOT Notes that are issuable by XSCOT under the Note Indenture, which summary does not purport to be complete. Reference is made to the Note Indenture for a complete description of the XSCOT Notes and the full text of its provisions. See "Material Contracts".

Two series of XSCOT Notes are initially authorized for issuance under the Note Indenture. Only Series 1 XSCOT Notes are issued and outstanding, all of which are held by the Fund. Series 2 XSCOT Notes will be reserved by XSCOT to be issued exclusively as full or partial payment of the redemption price of Series 1 XSCOT Notes. XSCOT Notes are issuable in Canadian currency. XSCOT has issued approximately \$54,954,000 principal amount of Series 1 XSCOT Notes to the Fund.

Interest and Maturity

The Series 1 XSCOT Notes are payable on the earlier of the date on which a demand for payment by the holder is made and the maturity date, being the 15th anniversary of the date of issuance, and bear interest at a rate of 4% per annum, payable on the 15th day of each calendar month that such Series 1 XSCOT Notes are outstanding. Series 2 XSCOT Notes are issuable solely in connection with the redemption of Series 1 XSCOT Notes, mature on the same date as the Series 1 XSCOT Notes redeemed in connection with their issuance, and bear interest at a market rate to be determined by XSCOT's trustees at the time of issuance thereof, payable on the 15th day of each calendar month that such Series 2 XSCOT Note is outstanding.

Payment upon Maturity

On maturity, XSCOT will repay the XSCOT Notes by paying to the trustee under the Note Indenture in cash an amount equal to the principal amount of the outstanding XSCOT Notes that have then matured, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon.

Redemption

The XSCOT Notes are redeemable in whole or in part (at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest, payable in cash or, in the case of a redemption of Series 1 XSCOT Notes, in Series 2 XSCOT Notes) at the option of XSCOT prior to maturity.

Subordination

Payment of the principal amount and interest on the XSCOT Notes is subordinated in right of payment to the prior payment in full of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on, and all other amounts owing in respect of, all senior indebtedness which is defined as all indebtedness, liabilities and obligations of XSCOT which, by the terms of the instrument creating or evidencing the same, is expressed to rank in right of payment in priority to the indebtedness evidenced by the XSCOT Notes issued under the Note Indenture.

The Note Indenture provides that upon any distribution of the assets of XSCOT in the event of any dissolution, liquidation, reorganization or other similar proceedings relative to XSCOT, the holders of all such senior indebtedness will be entitled to receive payment in full before the holders of the XSCOT Notes are entitled to receive any payment.

Default

The Note Indenture provides that any of the following shall constitute an event of default:

- (a) default in payment of the principal of the XSCOT Notes when the same becomes due and the continuation of such default for a period of ten business days;

- (b) default in payment of any interest due on any XSCOT Notes and continuation of such default for a period of fifteen business days;
- (c) default in the observance or performance of any other covenant or condition of the Note Indenture and continuance of such default for a period of thirty days after notice in writing has been given to XSCOT's trustees specifying such default and requiring XSCOT to rectify the same; and
- (d) certain events of dissolution, liquidation, reorganization or other similar proceedings relative to XSCOT.

The provisions governing an event of default under the Note Indenture and remedies available thereunder do not provide protection to the holders of XSCOT Notes that would be comparable to the provisions generally found in debt securities issued to the public.

XS CARGO LP

General

XS Cargo LP is a limited partnership formed under the laws of Alberta. The business of XS Cargo LP is to develop, acquire, make investments in and conduct the business and ownership, operation and lease of assets and property in connection with, the broadband closeout retail business in Canada, together with all activities ancillary or incidental thereto and such other businesses and activities as the board of directors of the GP may determine. See "Business of the Company". The following is a summary of the material attributes and characteristics of the LP Units and certain provisions of the Limited Partnership Agreement, which summary is not intended to be complete. Reference is made to the Limited Partnership Agreement and the full text of its provisions for a complete description of the LP Units. See "Material Contracts".

General Partner

The managing general partner of XS Cargo LP is the GP. As general partner of XS Cargo LP, the GP holds 120 GP Units. The GP Units entitle the holder thereof to one vote for each whole unit held at all meetings of holders of partnership units and to an allocation of 0.001% of the income or loss of XS Cargo LP for each fiscal year. As general partner and holder of the GP Units, the GP has the authority to manage the business and affairs of XS Cargo LP and has unlimited liability for the obligations of XS Cargo LP. See "XS Cargo GP Inc."

LP Units

XS Cargo LP is entitled to issue various classes of partnership interests, for such consideration and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the GP. XS Cargo LP has issued and outstanding 6,106,000 Ordinary LP Units (which are held by XSCOT), 3,492,802 Exchangeable LP Units (which are held by the Vendor and management) and 2,408,847 Subordinated LP Units (which are held by the Vendor and management). XS Cargo LP also has issued and outstanding 120 GP Units (which are held by the GP). The Ordinary LP Units represent a 51% interest in XS Cargo LP and the Exchangeable LP Units and the Subordinated LP Units collectively represent a 49% interest in XS Cargo LP.

The Ordinary LP Units, the Exchangeable LP Units and the Subordinated LP Units entitle the holder thereof to one vote for each whole unit held at all meetings of holders of the Units and have economic rights that are equivalent in all material respects, except that (i) Exchangeable LP Units are exchangeable, directly or indirectly, on a one-for-one basis (subject to customary anti-dilution protections) for Units at the option of the holder at any time, (ii) distributions on the Subordinated LP Units are subject to the subordination arrangements described below, and (iii) the Subordinated LP Units will automatically convert into Exchangeable LP Units upon the satisfaction of certain conditions and in certain circumstances. Additionally, Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units are accompanied by Special Voting Units that will entitle the holder to receive notice of, attend and to vote at all meetings of Voting Unitholders. See "Retained Interest and Exchange Rights – Exchange Rights" and "Retained Interest and Exchange Rights – Subordination". The Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units are each issuable as two separate classes. The classes have identical rights except that one is limited partner (limited liability) Units and the other is general partner (unlimited liability) Units. The Vendor is entitled to make a one-time election if it wishes to hold all or a part of its interest as unlimited liability rather than limited liability Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units.

Distributions on the LP Units are made in the following priority:

- (a) holders of Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units are entitled to receive monthly cash distributions such that each holder of Ordinary LP Units and the Exchangeable LP Units will receive a distribution of \$0.09375 per unit for such month or, if there is insufficient distributable cash to make distributions in such amount, such lesser amount as is available, on a proportionate basis,
- (b) at the end of each fiscal quarter of XS Cargo LP distributable cash is distributed in the following order of priority:
 - (i) first, in payment of the monthly cash distribution to the holders of Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units as described above, for the month then ended;
 - (ii) second, proportionately to the holders of Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units, to the extent that monthly per unit distributions in respect of the 12 month period then ended were not made or were made in amounts less than \$0.09375 per unit, the amount of any deficiency;
 - (iii) third, to holders of Subordinated LP Units in a per unit amount of \$0.28125 or, if there is insufficient available cash to make distributions in such amount, such lesser amount as is distributable, on a proportionate basis;
 - (iv) fourth, proportionately to the holders of Subordinated LP Units, to the extent that per unit distributions in respect of any fiscal quarter(s) during the 12 month period then ended were not made or were made in amounts less than \$0.28125 per Subordinated LP Unit, the amount of such deficiency; and
 - (v) fifth, to the extent of any excess, proportionately to the holders of Ordinary LP Units, Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units.

Distributions

XS Cargo LP distributes its distributable cash to the extent determined prudent by the board of directors of the GP. Distributions are made on the Ordinary LP Units and the Exchangeable LP Units within 15 days of the end of each month and on the Subordinated LP Units within 15 days of the end of each fiscal quarter and are intended to be received by XSCOT before its related distributions to the Fund. Distributions are payable to the holders of LP Units of record on the last day of the period in respect of which the distribution is to be paid. XS Cargo LP may, in addition, make a distribution at any other time.

Distributable cash represents, in general, all of XS Cargo LP's EBITDA, after:

- (a) satisfaction of its debt service obligations (principal and interest) under credit facilities or other agreements with third parties, including amounts payable under the Credit Facility;
- (b) paying awards under the LTIP or other incentives to management and other personnel;
- (c) retaining reasonable working capital reserves, maintenance capital expenditure reserves, renewal reserves, upgrade and renovation reserves or other reserves, including reserves to stabilize distributions to the partners, as may be considered appropriate by the GP; and
- (d) expenditures in excess of reserves.

Capital and other expenses, including amounts required to enable XS Cargo LP to pay equal monthly distributions based on anticipated future distributable cash, may be financed with drawings under one or more credit facilities that may be established by XS Cargo LP.

XS Cargo LP both suspended distributions payable on the Subordinated Units and reduced distributions to public Unitholders in March 2007, reduced the distributions payable to Unitholders further in May 2007 and then suspended distributions completely in December 2007 such that no distributions were made during 2008 and 2009. See "Risk Factors – Risks Relating to the Structure of the Fund – Cash Distributions".

Allocation of Net Income and Losses

The income or loss of XS Cargo LP for each fiscal year is allocated to the GP and to the remaining partners as to 0.001% and 99.999%, respectively. The income for tax purposes of XS Cargo LP for a particular fiscal year will be allocated to each partner other than the GP by multiplying the total income allocated to such partners by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sum of the cash distributions received by that partner with respect to that fiscal year and the denominator of which is the total amount of the cash distributions made by XS Cargo LP to all partners other than the GP with respect to that fiscal year. The amount of income allocated to a partner may exceed or be less than the amount of cash distributed by XS Cargo LP to that limited partner.

If, with respect to a given fiscal year, no cash distribution is made by XS Cargo LP to its partners, or XS Cargo LP has a loss for tax purposes, one-twelfth of the income or loss, as the case may be, for tax purposes of XS Cargo LP for that fiscal year will be allocated to the GP and the remaining partners at the end of each month ending in that fiscal year, as to 0.001% and 99.999%, respectively, and to each remaining partner in the proportion that the number of LP Units held at each of those dates by that partner is of the total number of LP Units issued and outstanding at each of those dates.

Income and loss of XS Cargo LP for accounting purposes is allocated to each partner in the same proportion as income or loss is allocated for tax purposes.

The fiscal year end of XS Cargo LP is December 31.

Reimbursement of the GP

XS Cargo LP reimburses the GP for all direct costs and expenses incurred in the performance of its duties under the Limited Partnership Agreement.

Limited Liability

XS Cargo LP will operate in a manner so as to ensure, to the greatest extent possible, the limited liability of the limited partners. Limited partners may lose their limited liability in certain circumstances. The GP will indemnify the limited partners against all claims arising from assertions that their respective liabilities are not limited as intended by the Limited Partnership Agreement unless the liability is not so limited as a result of or arising out of any act of such limited partner. The GP has no significant assets or financial resources, however, and therefore the indemnity from the GP has nominal value.

Transfer of Partnership Units

LP Units are not transferable except in compliance with the Securityholders Agreement to the Fund or to members of the Vendor Group. Further, LP Units may not be transferred to a person who is not resident in Canada for purposes of the Tax Act. A LP Unit is not transferable in part, and no transfer of a LP Unit will be accepted by the GP unless a transfer form, duly completed and signed by the registered holder of the LP Unit, has been remitted to the registrar and transfer agent of the GP. In addition, a transferee of a LP Unit must provide to the GP such other instruments and documents as the GP may require in appropriate form completed and executed in a manner acceptable to the GP and must pay the administration fee, if any, required by the GP. A transferee of a LP Unit will not become a partner or be admitted to XS Cargo LP and will not be subject to the obligations and entitled to the rights of a partner under the Limited Partnership Agreement until the foregoing conditions are satisfied and such transferee is recorded on XS Cargo LP's register of partners.

Amendments to the Limited Partnership Agreement

The Limited Partnership Agreement may only be amended with the consent of the holders of at least 66 2/3% of the outstanding partnership units voted on the amendment at a duly constituted meeting or by a written resolution of partners holding more than 66 2/3% of the outstanding partnership units entitled to vote at a duly constituted meeting (a "**Partnership Special Resolution**"). Notwithstanding the foregoing,

- (a) no amendment will be permitted to be made to the Limited Partnership Agreement altering the ability of the limited partners to remove the GP involuntarily, changing the liability of any limited partner, allowing any limited partner to exercise control over the business of XS Cargo LP, changing the right of a partner to vote at any meeting, adversely

affecting the rights, privileges or conditions attaching to any of the LP Units or GP Units, reducing the percentage of income allocable to limited partners to below 99.999% or changing XS Cargo LP from a limited partnership to a general partnership, in each case, without the unanimous approval of the partners;

- (b) no amendment can be made to the Limited Partnership Agreement that would adversely affect the rights and obligations of any particular limited partner without similarly affecting the rights and obligations of all other limited partners without the unanimous approval of the partners; and
- (c) no amendment that would adversely affect the rights and obligations of the GP, as general partner, will be permitted to be made without its consent.

The foregoing approval requirements are subject to additional restrictions on, or conditions to the approval of, amendments to the Limited Partnership Agreement pursuant to the Declaration of Trust and the Securityholders Agreement.

The GP may call meetings of partners and is required to convene a meeting on receipt of a request in writing of the holder(s) of not less than 10% of the outstanding partnership units. Each partner is entitled to one vote for each partnership unit held. A quorum of a meeting of partners consists of one or more partners present in person or by proxy.

XS CARGO GP INC.

General

The GP is a corporation established under the ABCA to act as the general partner of XS Cargo LP.

Capital of the GP

The authorized share capital of the GP consists of an unlimited number of GP Common Shares. The Fund indirectly through XSCOT, and the Vendor directly, own 51% and 49%, respectively, of the outstanding GP Common Shares. XSCOT acquired its GP Common Shares from the GP for nominal consideration. Each GP Common Share entitles the holder thereof to receive notice of and to attend all meetings of shareholders of the GP and to one vote per share at such meetings (other than meetings of another class of shares of the GP). The GP Common Shares entitle the holders thereof to receive in any year dividends as and when declared by the board of directors on the GP Common Shares. In the event of a liquidation of the GP, holders of the GP Common Shares, after payment of or other proper provision for all of the liabilities of the GP, will be entitled to share rateably in all remaining assets of the GP. The articles and by laws of the GP contain standard restrictions, which restrict all shareholders from transferring their GP Common Shares without the consent of the directors or shareholders of the GP or as permitted by the Securityholders Agreement. The Securityholders Agreement provides that the GP Common Shares may not be transferred to any Person unless a corresponding percentage of the LP Units held by the transferor, is also transferred to the same Person.

Functions and Powers of the GP

The GP has the authority to manage the business and affairs of XS Cargo LP, to make all decisions regarding the business of XS Cargo LP and to bind XS Cargo LP in respect of any such decision. The GP is required to exercise its powers and discharge its duties honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of XS Cargo LP and to exercise the care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person in comparable circumstances.

The authority and power vested in the GP to manage the business and affairs of XS Cargo LP include all authority necessary or incidental to carry out the objects, purposes and business of XS Cargo LP, including the ability to engage agents to assist the GP to carry out its management obligations and administrative functions in respect of XS Cargo LP and its business.

Restrictions on Authority of the GP

The authority of the GP is limited in certain respects under the Limited Partnership Agreement. The GP is prohibited, without the prior approval of the other partners given by a Partnership Special Resolution, from dissolving XS Cargo LP or selling,

exchanging or otherwise disposing of all or substantially all of the assets of XS Cargo LP (otherwise than in conjunction with an internal reorganization that has been approved by the Fund).

Withdrawal or Removal of the GP

The GP is permitted to resign as general partner on not less than 180 days' prior written notice to the partners, provided that the GP may not resign if the effect thereof would be to dissolve XS Cargo LP. The GP may be removed as general partner of XS Cargo LP, without its consent, if: (i) the shareholders or directors of the GP pass a resolution in connection with the bankruptcy, dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the GP, or the GP commits certain other acts of bankruptcy or ceases to be a subsisting corporation, provided that certain other conditions are satisfied, including a requirement that a successor general partner agrees to act as general partner under the Limited Partnership Agreement, or (ii) a Partnership Special Resolution has been passed and a successor general partner has agreed to act as general partner under the Limited Partnership Agreement.

MANAGEMENT, TRUSTEES AND DIRECTORS

Trustees of the Fund

As at December 31, 2009 the Trustees of the Fund were William M. Gray, David B. Margolus and Gordon J. Clanachan, who also serve as the trustees of XSCOT.

Directors and Officers of the GP

The following sets out the names, positions with the GP and principal occupations of the directors and officers of the GP as at the date hereof. The term of office for each of the directors expires at the time of the next annual meeting of security holders of the GP.

| Name | Position with GP | Date Appointed as a Director | Principal Occupation |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| David B. Margolus, Q.C. ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ Alberta, Canada | Director | April 6, 2005 | Counsel, Witten LLP (law firm) |
| Gordon J. Clanachan, FCA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ Alberta, Canada | Director | April 6, 2005 | Consultant (business advisory services) |
| Michael McKenna Alberta, Canada | Director and President and Chief Executive Officer | March 8, 2005 | President and Chief Executive Officer of the GP. |
| William M. Gray, Q.C. ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ Alberta, Canada | Director and Chairman of Board and Corporate Secretary | January 22, 2008 | Managing Partner, Fleming LLP (law firm) |
| Scott Henderson, CMA Alberta, Canada | Acting Chief Financial Officer | N/A | Acting Chief Financial Officer of the GP. |

Notes:

- (1) Trustee of the Fund and XSCOT (William M. Gray, Chair)
- (2) Fund Audit Committee member (Gordon J. Clanachan, Chair).
- (3) GP Compensation and Governance Committee member (David B. Margolus, Chair).

The following are brief profiles of the directors and executive officers of the GP:

David B. Margolus, Q.C., Trustee and Director. Mr. Margolus is Counsel to and former Managing Partner (for 13 years) of Witten LLP, with a legal practice focused primarily in the areas of corporate, commercial and real estate. Mr. Margolus is a director of Liquor Stores Income Fund's administrator and a member of its governance and compensation committees. Mr. Margolus is a director and chair of the governance committee of The Edmonton Regional Airports Authority.

Gordon J. Clanachan, FCA, Trustee and Director. Mr. Clanachan is a graduate of Glasgow University, Scotland, a Fellow Chartered Accountant (FCA) and holds an ICD.D designation. During the past 5 years, Mr. Clanachan has been a consultant providing business advisory services. He is a member of the advisory board of a number of companies and Vice Chair of the Board of Governors of the University of Alberta. Mr. Clanachan currently serves as Chair of the Edmonton Regional Airports Authority, and is a director of Melcor Developments Ltd., Bridgewater Bank and Alberta Blue Cross.

Michael McKenna, Director and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. McKenna founded XS Cargo in 1997 and has served as its President throughout its history. From 1979 to 1983, Mr. McKenna managed the Alberta operations of an Ontario-based consumer electronics company operating as "Krazy Kelly's". From 1983 to 1995, Mr. McKenna was a director and officer of Multitech Warehouse Direct Inc. ("**Multitech**"), which operated a chain of retail consumer electronic stores. From 1983 to 1995, Multitech grew to 52 stores in all ten provinces. From 1986 to 1990, Mr. McKenna owned a successful Cantel franchise, which he sold back to Cantel in 1990.

William M. Gray, Q.C., Chairman of Board and Corporate Secretary. Mr. Gray has been a practising lawyer in Calgary for approximately 30 years and is the current Managing Partner of Fleming LLP. Mr. Gray practises primarily in the areas of corporate and commercial law. Mr. Gray is a Director of the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede and of the not-for-profit Quest Theatre Society.

Scott Henderson, CMA, Acting Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Henderson joined XS Cargo in 2008. He is the Company's Corporate Controller and acting CFO. Prior to joining XS Cargo, Mr. Henderson held various management positions in Accounting, Finance and Administration with organizations including controller with SYSCO Food Services of Edmonton (4 years), Time Industrial Co. and Trimax Residuals Management Inc. Mr. Henderson holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting) from St. Mary's University and is a Certified Management Accountant (CMA).

Fund Nominees

The Fund has the right to nominate a majority of the board of directors of the GP, subject to increase in certain circumstances (see "**Securityholders Agreement**"). Each of the nominees of the Fund to the board of directors of the GP is to be approved by the Unitholders and may be a Trustee. The Vendor Group has the right to nominate up to two of the directors of the GP. Currently the Fund's nominees on the board of directors of the GP are Mr. Margolus and Mr. Clanachan and the Vendor Group's nominees on the board of directors of the GP are Mr. McKenna and Mr. Gray.

Unit and LP Unit Ownership

As at April 1, 2010, the Trustees and the directors and senior officers of the GP beneficially own, or exercise control or direction over, directly or indirectly, an aggregate of 801,600 Units and 5,866,450 LP Units, representing approximately 55.5% of the outstanding Units (assuming the exchange for Units of all of the outstanding Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units). Included in these amounts are 3,471,970 Exchangeable LP Units and 2,394,480 Subordinated LP Units held by the Vendor, a corporation controlled (as to a 77.5% ownership interest) by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Michael McKenna, representing a 49% interest in the Fund on a fully-diluted basis.

On June 11, 2009, the Unitholders approved a unit option plan for XS Cargo's employees, directors, trustees and consultants. The Fund has awarded a total of 300,000 options, (being 75,000 options to each of the 4 directors of the GP, (Mr. Margolus, Mr. Clanachan, Mr. McKenna and Mr. Gray) under the plan which will vest over the 3 year period to January 2, 2012. The first 100,000 of such options (25,000 to each director) vested on January 2, 2010 and the remaining 200,000 options will, subject to the terms of the unit option plan, vest on January 2, 2011 as to 100,000 options and on January 2, 2012 as to last 100,000 options.

Corporate Cease Trade Orders, Bankruptcies, Penalties or Sanctions

Mr. Clanachan was a director of Wavepoint Systems Inc. from December, 2000 to March 15, 2002. On May 29, 2002 Wavepoint Systems Inc. made an assignment pursuant to the Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act and a receiver was appointed. Other than Mr. Clanachan's involvement as a director of Wavepoint Systems Inc., to the knowledge of the Fund, no Trustee or director or executive officer of the GP, or shareholder holding a sufficient number of securities of the Fund, to affect materially the control of the Fund:

- (a) is, as at the date of this annual information form, or has been, within the 10 years before the date of this annual information form, a director or executive officer of any company (including the Fund) that while that person was acting in that capacity:
 - (i) was the subject of a cease trade or similar order or an order that denied the relevant company access to any exemption under securities legislation, in each case for a period of more than 30 consecutive days;
 - (ii) was subject to an event that resulted, after the director or executive officer ceased to be a director or executive officer, in the company being the subject of a cease trade or similar order or an order that denied the relevant company access to any exemption under securities legislation, for a period of more than 30 consecutive days; or

- (iii) or within a year of that person ceasing to act in that capacity, became bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold its assets; or
- (b) has within the 10 years before the date of this annual information form, become bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency, or become subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors, or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold the assets of the director, officer or shareholder.

To the knowledge of the Fund, no Trustee or director or executive officer of the GP, or shareholder holding a sufficient number of securities of the Fund to affect materially the control of the Fund, has been subject to:

- (a) any penalties or sanctions imposed by a court relating to securities legislation or by a securities regulatory authority or has entered into a settlement agreement with a securities regulatory authority; or
- (b) any other penalties or sanctions imposed by a court or regulatory body that would likely be considered important to a reasonable investor in making an investment decision.

AUDIT COMMITTEE INFORMATION

The full text of the audit committee mandate is included in **Schedule "B"** of this Annual Information Form.

Composition of the Audit Committee

The audit committee consists of three members, two of whom are independent and all of whom are financially literate in accordance with the definitions in National Instrument 52-110-Audit Committees ("NI 52-110"). The relevant education and experience of each audit committee member is outlined below:

Gordon J. Clanachan, FCA, Trustee and Director. Mr. Clanachan is a graduate of Glasgow University, Scotland, a Fellow Chartered Accountant (FCA) and holds an ICD.D designation. During the past 5 years, Mr. Clanachan has been a consultant providing business advisory services. He is a member of the advisory board of a number of companies and Vice Chair of the Board of Governors of the University of Alberta. Mr. Clanachan currently serves as Chair of the Edmonton Regional Airports Authority, and is a director and member of the audit committee of Melcor Developments Ltd., Bridgewater Bank and Alberta Blue Cross.

David B. Margolus, Q.C., Trustee and Director. Mr. Margolus is Counsel to and former Managing Partner (for 13 years) of Witten LLP, with a legal practice focused primarily in the areas of corporate, commercial and real estate. Mr. Margolus is a director of Liquor Stores Income Fund's administrator and a member of its governance and compensation committees. Mr. Margolus is also a director and chair of the governance committee of The Edmonton Regional Airports Authority.

William M. Gray, Q.C. Trustee, Director and Chairman of the Board. Mr. Gray has been a practicing lawyer in Calgary for approximately 30 years and is the current Managing Partner of Fleming LLP. Mr. Gray practises primarily in the areas of corporate and commercial law. Mr. Gray is a Director of the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede and of the not-for-profit Quest Theatre Society.

Exemptions Relied Upon

Mr. Gray is not considered independent within the meaning of NI 52-110 as he is the managing partner of the law firm Fleming LLP, which provides legal services to the Fund and is compensated therefore.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

The Audit Committee Charter provides that the Audit Committee approves in advance all permitted non-audit services to be provided to the Fund or any of its affiliates by the external auditors or any of their affiliates, subject to any de minimus exception allowed by applicable law.

The audit committee has delegated authority to the Chair of the audit committee to pre-approve the provision of permitted services by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP which are not otherwise pre-approved by the audit committee, including the fees and terms of the proposed services ("Delegated Authority"). All pre-approvals granted pursuant to Delegated Authority must be presented by the Chair to the full audit committee at its next meeting.

All proposed services or the fees payable in connection with such services that have not already been pre-approved must be pre-approved by either the audit committee or pursuant to Delegated Authority. Prohibited services may not be pre-approved by the audit committee or pursuant to Delegated Authority.

External Auditor Service Fees

The following table provides information about the fees billed to the Fund for professional services rendered by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP during fiscal 2009 and 2008:

External Auditor Service Fees

The following table provides information about the fees billed to the Fund for professional services rendered by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP during fiscal 2009 and 2008:

| | <u>2009</u> | <u>2008</u> |
|---|----------------|------------------|
| Audit Fees ⁽¹⁾ | 118,450 | \$143,562 |
| Audit-related Fees ⁽²⁾ | 36,000 | 40,653 |
| Tax Fees ⁽³⁾ | 7,575 | 9,250 |
| All Other Fees ⁽⁴⁾ | 5,000 | 15,750 |
| Total..... | <u>167,025</u> | <u>\$209,215</u> |

Notes:

- (1) Audit fees consist of fees for the audit of the Fund's annual financial statements or services that are normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.
- (2) Audit-related fees consist of fees for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Fund's financial statements and are not reported as Audit Fees. During fiscal 2009 and 2008, the services provided in this category included review procedures performed related to the Fund's interim consolidated financial statements.
- (3) Tax fees consist of fees for tax compliance services, tax advice and tax planning. During fiscal 2009 and 2008, the services provided in this category included assistance and advice in relation to the preparation of corporate income tax returns and indirect tax services.
- (4) All other fees consist of non-audit, review and tax services. During fiscal 2009 and 2008, the services provided in this category include a diagnostic analysis of Canadian GAAP to IFRS and other IFRS conversion services.

RETAINED INTEREST AND EXCHANGE RIGHTS

Retained Interest

The Vendor owns 3,471,970 Exchangeable LP Units and 2,394,480 Subordinated LP Units representing, in the aggregate, 49% of the LP Units. The Vendor also owns 5,866,450 GP Common Shares representing, in the aggregate, 49% of the GP Common Shares.

Exchange Rights

The Exchangeable LP Units are indirectly exchangeable for Units on the basis of one Unit for each Exchangeable LP Unit. The exchange procedure may be initiated by the holder of an Exchangeable LP Unit at any time and from time to time by delivering to the GP, as escrow agent under the Exchange Agreement, a unit certificate in respect of that portion of its Exchangeable LP Units to be exchanged, duly endorsed in blank for transfer, as well as a certificate representing a proportionate number of GP Common Shares. The GP will give notice of the proposed exchange to XSCOT, which will acquire Units from the Fund in consideration for the issuance of XSCOT Units and XSCOT Notes in the number required to complete the exchange. XSCOT will deliver to the GP

as escrow agent a certificate for the requisite number of Units duly endorsed in blank for transfer. The GP will effect the exchange procedure by causing to be issued in the name of XSCOT a unit certificate for that number of Ordinary LP Units (and a proportionate number of GP Common Shares) to be issued on the exchange, entering XSCOT in the register of limited partners of XS Cargo LP and in the register of shareholders of the GP in respect of such additional Ordinary LP Units and GP Common Shares, causing the Exchangeable LP Units and GP Common Shares so tendered for exchange to be cancelled, and delivering to the previous holder of the Exchangeable LP Units a certificate for that number of Units of the Fund to be received on the exchange.

Voting Rights

Holders of Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units have been issued Special Voting Units that are attached to, and are only be evidenced by, the certificates representing the Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units. The Special Voting Unit entitle the holders thereof to vote in all votes of Voting Unitholders (including resolutions in writing) as if they were the holders of the number of Units that they would receive if all their Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units were exchanged for Units. See "XS Cargo Income Fund – Units and Special Voting Units".

Dilution Rights and Economic Equivalence

The Exchange Agreement provides that in the event that there is a change in the number of Exchangeable LP Units, or the number of Units outstanding as a result of a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification, capital reorganization or similar change in the Exchangeable LP Units or Units (other than a consolidation of Units immediately following a distribution of Units in lieu of a cash distribution), the exchange ratio will be adjusted by the Fund. The Exchange Agreement also provides that the Fund will not issue or distribute Units to the holders of all or substantially all of the then outstanding Units (other than a distribution of Units in lieu of cash distribution), issue or distribute rights, options or warrants to the holders of all or substantially all of the then outstanding Units or issue or distribute property of the Fund to the holders of all or substantially all of the then outstanding Units unless, in each case, the economic equivalent thereof (as determined by the Trustees) is issued or distributed simultaneously to the holders of Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units.

Reclassification of Units

If at any time while any Exchangeable LP Unit or Subordinated LP Unit is outstanding there is any reclassification of the Units outstanding, any change of the Units into other units or securities or any other capital reorganization or distribution of the Fund or any consolidation, amalgamation, arrangement, merger or other form of business combination of the Fund with or into any other entity resulting in a reclassification of the outstanding Units, then the Exchange Rights will be adjusted in a manner approved by the Trustees, acting reasonably, so that holders of Exchangeable LP Units will be entitled to receive, in lieu of the number of Units which they would otherwise have been entitled, the kind and number or amount of securities that they would have been entitled to receive as a result of such event if, on the effective date thereof, they had been the registered holder of the number of Units which they would have received had they exercised the Exchange Rights immediately before the effective date of any such transaction.

If at any time while any Subordinated LP Unit is outstanding there is any reclassification of the Units outstanding, any change of the Units into other units or securities or any other capital reorganization of the Fund as a result of any consolidation, amalgamation, arrangement, merger or other form of business combination of the Fund with or into any other entity resulting in a reclassification of the outstanding Units, then notwithstanding the terms and conditions of the Subordinated LP Units and any other provision of the Declaration of Trust or the Limited Partnership Agreement, the outstanding Subordinated LP Units will automatically convert into Exchangeable LP Units at the then current conversion ratio in effect under the Limited Partnership Agreement, and the holders of such Subordinated LP Units will, immediately subsequent to such conversion, be entitled to receive, in lieu of the number of Units which they would otherwise have been entitled to receive upon the exercise of their Exchange Rights, the kind and number or amount of securities that they would have been entitled to receive as a result of such event if, on the effective date thereof, they had been the registered holder of the number of Units which they would have received had they exercised the Exchange Rights immediately before the effective date of any such transaction.

In addition, if at any time while any Subordinated LP Unit is outstanding there is any reclassification of the Exchangeable LP Units outstanding, any change of the Exchangeable LP Units into other units or securities (other than into Units) or any other capital reorganization of XS Cargo LP or any consolidation, amalgamation, arrangement, merger or other form of business combination of XS Cargo LP with or into any other entity resulting in a reclassification of the outstanding Exchangeable LP

Units, then the holders of Subordinated LP Units will be entitled to receive, in lieu of the number of Exchangeable LP Units which they would otherwise have been entitled, the kind and number or amount of securities that they would have been entitled to receive as a result of such event if, on the effective date thereof, they had been the registered holder of the number of Exchangeable LP Units that they would have received had they converted their Subordinated LP Units for Exchangeable LP Units immediately before the effective date of any such transaction.

Registration Rights

The Vendor Group has been granted "demand" and "piggy back" registration rights by the Fund that will enable them to require the Fund to file a prospectus and otherwise assist with a public offering of Units subject to certain limitations, with the Fund's expenses to be borne by the Vendor Group (or on a pro rata basis if both the Vendor Group and the Fund are offering Units) pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Exchange Agreement. In the event of a "piggy back" offering, the Fund's financing requirements are to take priority.

Subordination

Distributions on the Subordinated LP Units are subordinated in favour of Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units. Distributions will only be paid by XS Cargo LP on the Subordinated LP Units at the end of a fiscal quarter to the extent that: (i) XS Cargo LP has paid average monthly distributions of at least \$0.09375 per Ordinary LP Unit and Exchangeable LP Unit to holders of Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units during that quarter, and (ii) any deficiency in such distributions to holders of Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units during the preceding 12 months has been satisfied, as described below. If these targets are not satisfied, any deficiency will be borne by holders of the Subordinated LP Units, distributions on which will be reduced to the extent necessary to support the continued payment of distributions on the Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units and any applicable deficiency in such distributions.

Distributions on the Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units are cumulative, such that the amount of any deficiency will accumulate for a period of 12 months. Payments of deficiencies in distributions on the Ordinary LP Units and the Exchangeable LP Units are made in priority to distributions on the Subordinated LP Units. Any accumulated deficiency on Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units not satisfied by a distribution by XS Cargo LP within 12 months of the date it arose will cease to be payable (i.e., distributions on the Subordinated LP Units will not be reduced to fund accumulated deficiency to the extent that some or all of such accumulated deficiency arose more than 12 months before the date on which such payment is to be made). As the holder of the Ordinary LP Units, XSCOT will be entitled to enforce payment of any accumulated deficiency during the term of the subordination provisions.

The Subordinated LP Units will automatically convert into Exchangeable LP Units on a one-for-one basis at (and the subordination provisions will only apply until) the earlier of:

- (i) December 31, 2006 if, for the fiscal year of XS Cargo LP ending on such date, XS Cargo LP has earned EBITDA (derived from audited financial statements) of at least \$14.432 million (the "**EBITDA Target**"), and XS Cargo LP has paid distributions of at least \$1.125 per LP Unit (the "**Distribution Target**") for each of the fiscal years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 (annualized in the case of 2005), and
- (ii) the end of any fiscal year of the Fund following December 31, 2006 in respect of which XS Cargo LP has earned EBITDA (derived from audited financial statements) of at least the EBITDA Target and XS Cargo LP has paid distributions per LP Unit at least equal to the Distribution Target for such fiscal year.

For the purposes of the subordination provisions, EBITDA is calculated and adjusted in a manner consistent with the definition of EBITDA set forth in this annual information form. See "Non GAAP Measures".

The Limited Partnership Agreement provides that if a take-over bid by a person acting at arm's length to the Vendor owning Subordinated LP Units (or any associate or affiliate thereof or person acting jointly or in concert with such Vendor) is made for the Units, then, provided that 20% or more of the Units on a fully diluted basis (other than Units held at the date of the take-over bid by or on behalf of the offeror or associates or affiliates of the offeror) are taken-up and paid for pursuant to the take-over bid, the subordination of the Subordinated LP Units will automatically terminate and be of no further force or effect and the Subordinated LP Units will automatically convert into Exchangeable LP Units on a one-for-one basis. The subordination of the

Subordinated LP Units will also automatically terminate and be of no further force or effect and the Subordinated LP Units will automatically convert into Exchangeable LP Units on a one-for-one basis on the completion of an Acquisition Transaction.

As at December 31, 2009, none of the Subordinated LP Units had converted into Exchangeable LP Units.

Notwithstanding the subordination of distributions to holders of the Subordinated LP Units, holders of these LP Units have the right, through Special Voting Units issued in conjunction with the Subordinated LP Units, to a number of votes at any meeting of Voting Unitholders equal to the number of Units that may be obtained upon the exchange of such Subordinated LP Units without giving effect to such subordination.

DISTRIBUTIONS

Distribution Record

The Fund did not make any distributions during the two most recently completed financial years. The following table sets forth the per Unit amount of monthly cash distributions paid by the Fund during the financial year ended December 31, 2007.

| | Distribution per Unit ⁽¹⁾ |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| 2007 | |
| January | \$0.103125 |
| February | \$0.103125 |
| March | \$0.09375 ⁽¹⁾ |
| April | \$0.09375 |
| May | \$0.04688 ⁽²⁾ |
| June | \$0.04688 |
| July | \$0.04688 |
| August | \$0.04688 |
| September | \$0.04688 |
| October | \$0.04688 |
| November | \$0.04688 |
| December | \$0.00 ⁽³⁾ |
| Total | \$0.72191 |

Notes:

- (1) The Fund decreased the distribution to \$0.09375 effective March 31, 2007.
- (2) The Fund decreased the distribution to \$0.04688 effective April 30, 2007
- (3) The Fund suspended distributions effective November 30, 2007

Distribution Policy

The Fund makes monthly distributions of its available cash to Unitholders to the extent determined prudent by the Trustees. Monthly distributions are paid to Unitholders of record on the last business day of each calendar month or such other date as may be determined from time to time by the Trustees and are paid generally on the 15th day of the following month. During 2007 the Fund first both suspended distributions payable on the Subordinated Units and reduced distributions to public Unitholders in March 2007, reduced the distributions payable to Unitholders further in May 2007 and then suspended distributions completely in December 2007. See "Risk Factors – Risks Relating to the Structure of the Fund – Cash Distributions".

The distributable cash of XSCOT is derived primarily from distributions on or in respect of Ordinary LP Units owned by XSCOT. XSCOT makes monthly distributions to holders of XSCOT Units of its distributable cash after satisfaction of its interest obligations, if any, including interest on the XSCOT Notes, less any administrative expenses and other obligations of XSCOT, including principal repayments in respect of the XSCOT Notes. See "XS Cargo Operating Trust – Cash Distributions".

XS Cargo LP makes monthly distributions of distributable cash on the Ordinary LP Units and Exchangeable LP Units and, subject to the subordination provisions applicable to the Subordinated LP Units, quarterly cash distributions on the Subordinated LP Units. The distributable cash of XS Cargo LP is based on available cash from its operations less amounts required for debt

service obligations, general and administrative expenses and other expense obligations, expenditures in excess of reserves, long-term incentive plan awards and other incentives, reserves, and such other amounts as may be considered appropriate by the board of directors of the GP. Capital and other expenditures (including amounts to enable XS Cargo LP to pay equal monthly distributions based on expected annual cash distributions) may be financed with drawings under the Credit Facility, other borrowings or additional issuances of Units. See "XS Cargo Limited Partnership – LP Units".

The Fund, XSCOT and the Company have considerable discretion in determining the amount of cash distributions. Cash distributions are not guaranteed and will fluctuate with, among other things, the Company's performance. See "Risk Factors – Risks Relating to the Structure of the Fund – Cash Distributions".

The Credit Facility and the Subordinated Loans contain covenants which currently and may in future restrict the ability of XS Cargo LP to pay distributions to the holders of LP Units if the payment would result in default under such loan facilities. See "Material Contracts – Credit Facility and Subordinated Loans".

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE

General Description of Capital Structure

See "XS Cargo Income Fund" for a description of the rights, privileges and restrictions attached to the Units and the Special Voting Units. See "Retained Interest and Exchange Rights" for a description of the rights, privileges and restrictions attached to the Exchange Rights.

See "XS Cargo Operating Trust" for a description of the rights, privileges and restrictions attached to the securities of XSCOT.

See "XS Cargo Limited Partnership" and "Retained Interest and Exchange Rights" for a description of the rights, privileges and restrictions attached to the securities of XS Cargo LP.

See "XS Cargo GP Inc." for a description of the rights, privileges and restrictions attached to the GP Common Shares.

Option Plan

On June 11, 2009, the Unitholders approved a unit option plan for the Fund's employees, directors, trustees and consultants. The Fund has awarded a total of 300,000 options under the plan.

Warrants

The Fund has 1,000,000 warrants outstanding. The warrants were issued in November 2008 as part of the renewal of the subordinated debt credit agreement. The warrants are exercisable anytime for a three year period at a price of \$0.60 per Unit, subject to the option of the holders to exercise on a cashless basis.

Constraints

See "XS Cargo Income Fund – Limitation on Non-Resident Ownership" for a description of the constraints imposed on the ownership of the Units to ensure that the Units have a required level of Canadian ownership and the mechanism by which the level of Canadian ownership of the Units is monitored and maintained.

Ratings

To the knowledge of management, no ratings, including provisional ratings, have been received from any rating organization in respect of the Units of the Fund.

Securities Held in Escrow

To the Fund's knowledge, no securities of the Fund are currently required to be held in escrow.

MARKET FOR SECURITIES

Trading Price and Volume

The Units began trading on the TSXV under the trading symbol "XSC.UN" on August 20, 2009. Prior thereto, the Units traded on the TSX. The following table sets forth the price ranges and trading volume of the Units as recorded by the TSXV and TSX, as applicable, for each month in 2009.

| Month | High | Low | Volume |
|----------------|------|------|---------|
| January..... | 0.30 | 0.10 | 538,600 |
| February..... | 0.30 | 0.20 | 24,000 |
| March..... | 0.35 | 0.29 | 180,800 |
| April..... | 0.20 | 0.10 | 219,200 |
| May..... | 0.15 | 0.11 | 147,900 |
| June..... | 0.15 | 0.11 | 151,400 |
| July..... | 0.14 | 0.04 | 122,800 |
| August..... | 0.13 | 0.07 | 85,000 |
| September..... | 0.13 | 0.08 | 112,200 |
| October..... | 0.12 | 0.07 | 175,600 |
| November..... | 0.15 | 0.06 | 136,700 |
| December..... | 0.11 | 0.07 | 66,300 |

Prior Sales

During the last completed financial year ending December 31, 2009 no additional securities of the Fund were issued.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the Units involves risks. In addition to the other information contained in this annual information form, Unitholders and prospective Unitholders should carefully consider the risk factors set out below in making an investment decision with respect to the Fund and the Units. The following information is a summary only of certain risk factors and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, and must be read in conjunction with, the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this annual information form. These risks and uncertainties are not the only ones facing the Fund and the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Fund or the Company, or that the Fund or the Company currently considers immaterial, may also impair the operations of the Fund or the Company. If any such risks actually occur, the business, financial condition, or liquidity and results of operations of the Company, and the ability of the Fund to make distributions on the Units, could be materially adversely affected.

Risks Relating to the Company and its Business

Going Concern

The Fund has experienced recurring losses and has included a "going concern" qualification in the notes to its audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2009. In the event that the Company is unable to return to profitability, as to which there can be no assurance, the Fund may not be able to continue its operations. In addition, the existence of the "going concern" qualification in its financial statements may make it more difficult for the Fund to obtain financing or other sources of capital. See "Nature of the Fund and going concern" under note 1 to the audited consolidated financial statements of the Fund for the year ended December 31, 2009, which is incorporated by reference herein.

Achieving Profitability and Managing Growth

There can be no assurance that the Company's business and growth strategy will enable it to return to profitability. The Company's future operating results will depend on a number of factors, including: (a) the Company's ability to: (i) successfully execute the strategic initiatives outlined under "Business of XS Cargo – Growth Strategy"; (ii) remain a low-cost retailer; (iii)

maintain or realize increased sales and profitability; (iv) successfully identify and respond to changes in trends and consumer tastes; (v) maintain cost-effective delivery of its merchandise to its distribution center and to its stores; (vi) hire, train, motivate, manage and retain qualified retail store management and personnel; and (vii) continuously improve its service to achieve new and enhanced customer benefits and better quality; (b) level of competition in the retailing industry in the markets in which the Company operates; (c) effectiveness of the Company's marketing programs; and (d) general economic conditions and consumer confidence.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully implement its strategic plan or that such plan will enable the Company to achieve, maintain or increase historical sales, profitability or growth rates. Failure to successfully execute any material part of the Company's strategic plan could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to achieve profitability and effectively manage its growth, and any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Expansion Through New Store Openings

As part of the Company's growth strategy, it opens new stores in existing and new markets. To do so successfully, new stores must operate with profitability. Two new stores were opened and one store was closed in 2009. The company plans to open 3 new stores in 2010. There can be no assurance that any new store would achieve similar or better operating results to those of existing stores or that any new stores opened in markets in which the Company operates will not have a material adverse effect on the revenues and profitability of such existing stores.

Supply

By its nature, closeout merchandise is available directly from manufacturers, distributors and retailers or indirectly through brokers and trade shows. Although there is generally continuity in the channels and sources of supply, specific items are available generally on a non-recurring basis. As a result, the Company does not have long-term contracts with its vendors for access to quantities or pricing of products, but makes individual purchase decisions, which are often for large quantities. Although the Company has many sources of merchandise and currently does not foresee any shortages of closeout merchandise in the future, there can be no assurance that its existing sources of supply will continue to make closeout merchandise available to the Company or that merchandise made available will be in quantities, at prices or on other terms acceptable to the Company or that the Company's buyers will continue to identify and take advantage of appropriate buying opportunities. Significant increase in the price of merchandise sold by the Company, the lack of availability of such merchandise, or the deterioration in the Company's relationships with any of its sources of supply could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Key Personnel

The Company's future performance will depend in large part upon the efforts and abilities of its management, particularly Michael McKenna, the Chief Executive Officer of the GP and the Company's other key employees, including the Company's buyers. The loss of services of one or more of these persons could adversely affect the Company's business and results of operations and the Company's ability to effectively pursue its business strategy. There can be no assurance that the Company would be able to find qualified replacements for these persons if their services were no longer available. The Company maintains key person life insurance for Mr. McKenna. There can be no assurance, however, that such insurance will be sufficient to fully compensate the Company for any financial losses arising from the death of such individual.

Changes in Trends and Consumer Tastes

The merchandise that the Company sells is subject to trends and geographic consumer tastes, which can change rapidly. The Company's success in this area is largely dependent on its ability to gauge consumer preferences and to deliver merchandise in a timely fashion to satisfy consumer trends. If the Company is unable to anticipate or respond to changes in consumer tastes and trends in a timely manner, it may overstock unpopular products and be forced to take significant markdowns and miss opportunities to sell products that are more popular. Disposal of excess inventory may result in a decrease in sales and earnings and materially adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations. The Company's

inability to acquire suitable merchandise in the future or to accurately anticipate consumer demand for such merchandise could also have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Economic Conditions and Consumer Spending

The success of the Company's business depends to a significant extent upon the level of consumer spending. A number of factors affect the level of consumer spending on merchandise that the Company offers, including, among other things: (a) general economic, industry and weather conditions in Canada as a whole, and in the regional markets in which the Company operates; (b) availability of consumer credit and the level of consumer debt; (c) level of employment; (d) interest rates; (e) tax rates and policies; (f) war, terrorism and other hostilities; and (g) gross domestic product growth and consumer confidence in future economic conditions.

The merchandise the Company sells generally consists of discretionary items. Reduced consumer confidence and spending may result in reduced demand for the Company's discretionary items and may force it to take significant inventory markdowns. Reduced demand also may require increased selling and promotional expenses. Adverse economic conditions in Canada or in any of the regions in which the Company operates, and any related decrease in consumer demand for discretionary items, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Marketing Expenditures

The Company's growth and profitability is dependent in part on the effectiveness of its marketing efforts. The success of the Company's marketing programs will affect the ability of the Company to: (a) increase its brand name recognition and awareness of its products; (b) determine the appropriate media and content for future marketing activities; and (c) effectively manage marketing costs.

There can be no assurance that the Company's planned marketing expenditures will be managed on a cost-effective basis, result in increased sales or generate increased levels of product and brand name awareness. The Company may need to increase expenditures on advertising and other marketing programs above current level in order to maintain brand awareness and support its sales.

Competition

The retail industry is intensely competitive and fragmented. As a broadline closeout retailer, the Company competes against a diverse group of retailers, including department and discount stores, which sell, among other things, products similar and often identical to those the Company sells. The Company also competes in particular markets with a substantial number of retailers that specialize in one or more types of products that the Company sells. Many of these competitors have substantially greater financial resources than the Company that may allow them to initiate and sustain aggressive price competition or compete on bases other than price, such as product selection or customer service. The highly competitive nature of the retail industry means the Company is constantly subject to the risk of losing market share to its competitors. As a result, the Company may not be able to maintain or to raise the prices of its merchandise in response to inflationary pressures such as increasing costs.

A number of different competitive factors could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition, including: (a) increased operational efficiencies of competitors; (b) competitive pricing strategies, including deep discount pricing by a broad range of retailers during periods of poor consumer confidence or economic instability; (c) expansion of the types of products sold or of geographic focus by existing competitors; (d) development of new marketing channels for discount or closeout goods, such as the internet; (e) entry by new competitors into markets in which the Company operates; and (f) adoption by existing competitors of innovative store formats or retail sales methods, including e-commerce.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully with existing or with new competitors, or that prolonged periods of deep discount pricing by the Company's competitors will not materially harm the Company's business.

Reliance on Centralized Distribution Centers

All inventory is shipped directly from suppliers to the Company's existing centralized distribution centers located in Edmonton, Alberta and Mississauga, Ontario, where the inventory is then processed, sorted and shipped to the Company's stores across

Canada. The Company depends in large part on the orderly operation of this receiving and distribution process, which depends, in turn, on adherence to shipping schedules and effective management of the distribution centers. There can be no assurance that the Company has anticipated all of the changing demands that its expanding operations will impose on its receiving and distribution system, or that events beyond its control, such as disruptions in operations due to fire or other catastrophic events, labour disagreements or shipping problems, will not result in delays in the delivery of merchandise to the Company's stores. Any such delays could damage the Company's reputation or otherwise have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations. Distributions problems may have a material adverse effect on the Company's revenue in particular periods.

Although the Company maintains business interruption and property insurance, there can be no assurance that such insurance will be sufficient, or that insurance proceeds will be paid to the Company on a timely basis, in the event the Company's distribution center is shut down for any reason or if the Company incurs higher costs and longer lead times in connection with a disruption of its existing distribution center.

Freight Costs

The Company's freight costs are impacted by changes in fuel prices and other shipping costs. Fuel prices and other shipping costs affect freight costs both on inbound freight from vendors to the Company's distribution center and outbound freight from the Company's distribution centers to its stores. Increases in fuel prices or other shipping costs may increase freight costs and thereby increase the Company's cost of goods sold, which may in turn have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Ability to Maintain Comparable Store Sales

Comparable store sales results have fluctuated in the past, and management believes such fluctuations may continue. The unpredictability of the Company's comparable store sales may cause its revenue and results of operations to vary from quarter to quarter, and an unanticipated decline in revenues or operating income may cause the Trust's Unit price to fluctuate significantly. A failure to grow or maintain the Company's comparable store sales results could have a material adverse effect on its results of operations and could cause the price of the Units to decrease significantly.

A number of factors have historically affected, and will continue to affect, comparable store sales results, including, without limitation: (a) competition; (b) general regional and national economic conditions; (c) weather conditions; (d) consumer trends; (e) changes in merchandise mix; (f) ability to efficiently source and distribute merchandise to the Company's stores; (g) timing and type of sales events, promotional activities or other advertising; (h) success of marketing programs; (i) new merchandise introductions; (j) the proximity of new store openings in relation to existing locations; and (k) ability to execute the Company's business strategy effectively.

These factors may cause the Company's comparable store sales results to differ materially from prior periods and from expectations. Past same store sales are no indication of future results, and there can be no assurance that the Company's same store sales will not decrease in the future.

Seasonality and Fluctuations in Quarterly Results

The Company's business is seasonal, with approximately 40% of its sales and 100% of its operating income generated during the Company's fourth fiscal quarter, which includes the holiday shopping season. While variable costs can be managed to match seasonal patterns, a significant portion of retail costs, including rent, cannot be adjusted for seasonality. A significant shortfall in results for the fourth quarter of any fiscal year could have a material adverse effect on the Company's annual results of operations and on the market price of the Units.

The Company's quarterly results of operations may also fluctuate based upon such factors as delays in the flow of merchandise, the number and timing of new store openings and related store pre-opening expenses, the amount of net sales contributed by new and existing stores, the mix of products sold, competitive factors, changes in fuel and other shipping costs, general economic conditions, labour market fluctuations, changes in accounting rules and regulations and unseasonable weather conditions.

Importance of Management Information Systems

Management relies on management information systems to analyze operating performance on a regular basis. Additionally, the Company depends on its management information systems in all areas of its operations, including supply chain management, inventory control, point of sale systems and after-sales service. If these systems fail or become obsolete, the Company business, financial, condition, liquidity and results of operations may be materially adversely affected. To address these risks, the Company entered into an agreement with a third party software vendor for the purchase of a new point-of-sale and inventory management system. This system was implemented during 2007. A number of problems and disruptions to the supply chain were carried forward into 2008. The problems and disruptions to the supply chain were corrected in 2008; however, there can be no assurance that problems and disruptions will not reoccur. Any such problems or disruptions could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Increase in the Cost of, or Disruption in the Flow of, Imported Products

Merchandise originally manufactured and imported from outside of Canada accounts for a large proportion of the Company's product purchases. A disruption in the shipping of imported merchandise or an increase in the cost of those products may significantly decrease the Company's sales and profits. In addition, if imported merchandise becomes more expensive or unavailable, the transition to alternative sources may not occur in time to meet the Company's demands. Products from alternative sources may also be of lesser quality and more expensive than those currently imported. Risks associated with the Company's reliance on imported products include: (a) disruptions in the shipping and importation of imported products because of factors such as: (i) raw material shortages, work stoppages, strikes and political unrest; (ii) problems with oceanic shipping, including shipping container shortages; (iii) increased regulation and other factors causing delays in shipments including increased inspections of import shipments; (iv) geographic distance; and (v) economic crises, international disputes and wars; and (b) increases in the cost of purchasing or shipping foreign merchandise resulting from: (i) taxes, import duties, import quotas and other trade sanctions; (ii) foreign exchange exposure; and (iii) increases in shipping rates.

Foreign Exchange Fluctuations on Imported Merchandise

The Company purchases merchandise directly from international suppliers in the United States and China and is subject to foreign exchange rate exposure resulting from importing merchandise with payment in non-Canadian dollars. Approximately 80% of inventory purchases are made in United States dollar prices (including all purchases from China). Although the Company takes into consideration the Canadian/ United States dollar exchange rate at the time of specific purchases and is therefore be able to factor the applicable exchange rate in to its purchasing decision, the Company is subject to the risk of exchange rate fluctuations between order and sale of goods.

Although historically the Company's purchases from Canadian-based and United States-based suppliers has not had a significant direct foreign exchange exposure, changes in exchange rates could affect the suppliers' production costs, which in turn could have a negative effect on product costs and resulting in decreased margins end volume of product sales. The Company has not historically used hedging to manage foreign exchange exposure and does not intend to use hedging in the future.

Exposure to Returns of Merchandise

The Company's policy is to provide a 30 day warranty for product defects. The Company manages its exposure to the related returns by negotiating its own return privileges with its vendors. Any significant change in the Company's ability to negotiate these return privileges could adversely affect the Company's results of operations.

In addition, on October 1, 2005, the Company implemented a program to sell product replacement extended warranty plans. Although it appears that this program will represent an opportunity to increase the Company's profitability and cash flow, the Company currently does not have sufficient historical experience to predict the ultimate return rate under the plans. The plans may result in an increase in product returns that cause increased expenses in excess of the additional revenue generated by such plans and therefore there can be no assurance that the plans will be accretive to cash flow or that any reserves established by the Company for the replacement plans will be adequate to address additional product return expenses.

Costs and Availability of Insurance Coverage

The Company maintains insurance coverage in respect of its potential liabilities and the accidental loss of value of its assets from various risks on such terms as it considers appropriate. The Company uses discretion in determining appropriate insurance coverage. This may result in insurance coverage that, in the event of a substantial loss, would not be sufficient to pay the full current market value or current replacement cost of the Company's lost investment.

The terrorist attacks on the United States in 2001 have resulted in significant increases in the cost of property and liability insurance, have made some insurance coverage available only on unfavourable terms or not at all and have resulted in significant increases in the deductible amount for liability insurance. In addition, certain types of losses (generally those of a catastrophic nature, such as earthquakes, floods and terrorist attacks) may be uninsurable or not economically insurable. There can be no assurances that the Company's insurance coverage will continue to be available to it on reasonable terms or that the Company's insurer will not disclaim coverage of any future claim. The Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations could be materially adversely affected if any of the foregoing events were to occur.

Intellectual Property

The success of the Company will be dependent, in part, on the continuous development of its brand recognition. There can be no assurance that the Company's competitors or other third parties will not develop similar branding. The Company has a variety of means available to it to assert and protect its brand and other proprietary rights, including trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions. Despite these efforts, unauthorized parties may attempt to obtain and use information that the Company considers proprietary or to subvert the Company's efforts to assert its proprietary rights. The Company has registered the "XS CARGO NOTHING BUT BARGAINS" trademark with the Canadian Intellectual Property Office. The inability of the Company to successfully register or maintain trademarks may limit its ability to effectively market its products and services and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations. In addition, preventing the unauthorized use of such proprietary rights or information may be difficult, time-consuming and costly. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in asserting and protecting its proprietary rights and, such failure may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Labour Relations

The success of the Company's business depends on a large number of employees. Although none of the Company's employees are currently unionized, any organized work stoppage or other similar job action may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Labour Costs and Shortages

Approximately 83% of the Company's employees are hourly workers whose compensation is based primarily on the prevailing provincial minimum wages, except in Alberta, where the demand for labour has driven up the labour cost per hour. Any increase in these minimum wages will increase employee related costs. In addition, changes in the general conditions of the employment market could affect the ability of the Company to hire or retain staff at current wage levels. The occurrence of either of these events could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

In addition, there can be no assurance that some or all of the employees of the Company will not unionize in the future. Such an occurrence could increase labour costs and thereby have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Dependence on External Funding Sources

The Company, like other public retailers, relies significantly on external funding sources to finance its operations and growth. The Company's ability to obtain additional financing will be dependent upon its future operating performance, general economic and competitive conditions and financial, business and other factors, many of which are beyond the Company's control. The Fund was during portions of 2008 and all of 2009 offside of certain of its covenants of its credit facilities and the term of certain of its credit facilities have expired. While historically the Fund has been able to negotiate waivers of such breaches and extensions to its

credit facilities, no assurance can be given that it will be able to do so again, or will be able to do so on acceptable terms. If the Fund is unable to negotiate waivers or new financial covenants, or obtain extensions to its credit facilities, its creditors may require it to repay its debt. Funding for this amount would be required to come from alternate sources of debt, equity financing, cash flow from operations or proceeds from asset dispositions, which may or may not be available in sufficient amounts or on acceptable terms. Any reduction or termination of the Fund's credit facilities could adversely affect the Corporation's financial condition, results of operations and prospects. There remains significant doubt that the Fund will be able to continue as a going concern without either new financing or an extension of its current credit facilities on terms acceptable to the Fund being obtained.

Environmental Regulation

The Company leases, manages and operates stores and other properties that are subject to certain federal, provincial and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection, including those governing past or present releases of hazardous materials. Certain of these laws and regulations may impose liability on certain classes of persons for the costs of investigation or remediation of such contamination, regardless of fault or the legality of the original disposal. These persons include the present or former owner or a person in care or control of a contaminated property and companies that generated, disposed of or arranged for the disposal of hazardous substances found at the property. As a result, the Company may incur costs to clean up contamination present on, at or under its leased properties, even if such contamination was present prior to the commencement of the Company's operations at the site and was not caused by its activities, which could materially affect its business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Uncertainties Arising From World Events

The Company's business and results of operations is subject to uncertainties arising out of world events. These uncertainties may include the potential worsening or extension of a global economic slowdown, changes in consumer spending or travel, the outbreak of illnesses such as SARS and the economic consequences of military action or additional terrorist activities. Any future events arising as a result of terrorist activity or other world events may have a material impact on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition in the future.

Property Taxes

The facilities operated by the Company are subject to property taxes levied by local governments and there can be no assurance that property taxes will remain at current levels. Significant increases in property taxes in jurisdictions in which the Company owns or leases facilities could increase the amount of property tax payable in respect of such facilities and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Risks Relating to the Structure of the Fund

Dependence on XSCOT and the Company

Cash distributions to Unitholders are entirely dependent on the ability of XSCOT to pay its interest obligations under the XSCOT Notes, and to make distributions on the XSCOT Units. Payments by XSCOT will depend, in turn, on the ability of the Company to satisfy its debt service obligations under the Credit Facility and XS Cargo LP's ability to pay distributions on the Ordinary LP Units.

Distributions to Unitholders are entirely dependent on the ability of the Company to pay its operating expenses and to pay distributions. The sole source of cash flow of the Company is the operation of the Company. In the conduct of its business, the Company pays expenses and incurs debt and other obligations to third parties. These expenses, debts and obligations could impact the Company's ability to produce positive operating results.

The Company is entirely dependent upon the operations and assets of its stores to pay distributions to XSCOT, and the Company's ability to do so is subject to the risks encountered by the Company in the operation of its business, including the risks relating to the retail industry referred to above, and the results of operations and financial condition of the Company.

Unpredictability and Volatility of Unit Price

A publicly traded income trust will not necessarily trade at values determined by reference to the underlying value of its business. The prices at which the Units will trade cannot be predicted. The market price of the Units could be subject to significant fluctuations in response to variations in quarterly operating results and other factors. The annual yield on the Units as compared to the annual yield on other financial instruments may also influence the price of Units in the public trading markets. An increase in market interest rates will result in higher yield on other financial instruments, which could adversely affect the market price of the Units.

In addition, the securities markets have experienced significant market wide and sectoral price and volume fluctuations from time to time that often have been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of particular issuers. Such fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of the Units.

Nature of Units

The Units are hybrid securities in that they share certain attributes common to both equity securities and debt instruments. The Units do not represent a direct investment in XSCOT or the Company and should not be viewed as securities of XSCOT or the Company. As holders of Units, Unitholders do not have the statutory rights normally associated with ownership of shares of a corporation including, for example, the right to bring "oppression" or "derivative" actions. In addition, the benefit of certain statutes applicable to corporations, such as the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (Canada), may not be applicable to the Fund. The Units represent a fractional interest in the Fund. The Fund's only assets are XSCOT Notes and the XSCOT Units. The price per Unit is a function of anticipated distributable cash of the Fund.

The Units are not "deposits" within the meaning of the *Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation Act* (Canada) and are not insured under the provisions of that Act or any other legislation. Furthermore, the Fund is not a trust company and, accordingly, is not registered under any trust and loan company legislation as it does not carry on or intend to carry on the business of a trust company. Although the Fund qualifies as a "mutual fund trust" as defined by the Tax Act, the Fund is not a "mutual fund" as defined by applicable securities legislation.

Cash Distributions

The Fund has not made any distributions since 2007 and does not anticipate making any distributions in the foreseeable future. The actual amounts of distributions that may be paid by the Fund to the Unitholders in the future, if any, will depend upon numerous factors, including profitability, debt covenants and obligations, the availability and cost of acquisitions, fluctuations in working capital, the timing and amount of capital expenditures, deductibility for tax purposes of interest payments on the XSCOT Notes applicable law and other factors beyond the control of the Fund, XSCOT and the Company. Cash distributions are not guaranteed. There can be no assurance as to the levels of cash distributions to be paid by the Fund, if any. The market value of the Units may deteriorate if the Fund is unable to make cash distributions in the future, and such deterioration may be material.

Cash-on-Cash Yield

Cash-on-cash yield is a useful and widely used supplemental measure that provides investors with information on cash actually distributed relative to trading price. Investors are cautioned that cash-on-cash yield should not be construed as an alternate to net income as determined by GAAP. **Investors are also cautioned that cash-on-cash yield represents a blend of return of investors' initial investment and a return on investors' initial investment and is not comparable to traditional yield on debt instruments where investors are entitled to full return of the principal amount of debt on maturity in addition to a return on investment through interest payments.**

Structural Subordination of the Units

In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganization of the Company or any of the Fund's other subsidiaries, holders of certain of their indebtedness and certain trade creditors will generally be entitled to payment of their claims from the assets of the Company and those subsidiaries before any assets are made available for distribution to the Fund. The Units are effectively subordinated to most of the indebtedness and other liabilities of the Company and the Fund's other subsidiaries, including the approximately \$17.5 million outstanding under the Credit Facility and the \$15.0 million outstanding under the Subordinated

Loans as at February 28, 2010. Neither the Company nor any of the Fund's other subsidiaries is limited in its ability to incur secured or unsecured indebtedness.

Leverage and Restrictive Covenants

The Company has third party debt service obligations under the Credit Facility, Subordinated Loan and any replacement or other credit facilities. See "Credit Agreement". The degree to which the Company is leveraged could have important consequences to the holders of the Units, including: (i) a portion of the Company's cash flow from operations is dedicated to the payment of the principal of and interest on its indebtedness, thereby reducing funds available for distribution to the Fund; (ii) certain of the Company's borrowings are at variable rates of interest, which exposes the Company to the risk of increased interest rates. The Company's ability to make scheduled payments of principal and interest on, or to refinance, its indebtedness will depend on its future operating performance and cash flow, which are subject to prevailing economic conditions, prevailing interest rate levels, and financial, competitive, business and other factors, many of which are beyond its control.

The Credit Facility and Subordinated Loan contain certain customary operating covenants that limit the discretion of management with respect to certain business matters. These covenants place restrictions on, among other things, the ability of the Company to incur additional indebtedness, to create liens or other encumbrances, to pay distributions or make certain other payments, investments, loans and guarantees and to sell or otherwise dispose of assets and merge or consolidate with another entity. A failure to comply with the obligations in the agreements in respect of the Credit Facility or Subordinated Loan could result in an event of default which, if not cured or waived, could permit acceleration of the relevant indebtedness. If the indebtedness under the Credit Facility were to be accelerated, there can be no assurance that the Company's assets would be sufficient to repay in full that indebtedness. The Fund is currently offside certain of its covenants of its credit facilities. While historically the Fund has been able to negotiate waivers of such breaches, no assurance can be given that it will be able to do so again, or will be able to do so on acceptable terms. If the Fund is unable to negotiate waivers and an extension of its current credit facilities, it may be required to repay its debt on demand, or within 30 days of notification or as otherwise agreed to by its lenders as the due date or expiry date of such credit facilities has already passed. Funding for this amount would be required to come from alternate sources of debt, equity financing, cash flow from operations or proceeds from asset dispositions, which may or may not be available in sufficient amounts or on acceptable terms. Any reduction or termination of the Fund's credit facilities could adversely affect the Corporation's financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

As at December 31, 2009, the Fund was not in compliance with its minimum adjusted twelve-month EBITDA covenant and its total debt to adjusted twelve-month EBITDA covenant

The Fund was not in compliance with its minimum adjusted twelve-month EBITDA covenant and its total debt to adjusted twelve-month EBITDA covenant at January 31, 2010 and February 28, 2010. The Fund is working with its lenders to negotiate mutually acceptable financial covenants.

Restrictions on Potential Growth

The payout by the Company of substantially all of its operating cash flow will make additional capital and operating expenditures dependent on increased cash flow or additional financing in the future. Lack of those funds could limit the future growth of the Company and its cash flow.

Tax Related Risks

Changes in Legislation

The income of the Company, XSCOT and the Fund must be computed and will be taxed in accordance with Canadian tax laws, all of which may be changed in a manner that could adversely affect the amount of distributable cash. There can be no assurance that Canadian income tax laws respecting the treatment of mutual fund trusts will not be changed in a manner that adversely affects Unitholders. If the Fund ceases to qualify as a "mutual fund trust" under the Tax Act, the Units will cease to be qualified investments for Exempt Plans. If the Fund ceases to qualify as a mutual fund trust for purposes of the Tax Act, the Fund may be required to pay tax under Part XII.2 of the Tax Act. The payment of Part XII.2 tax by the Fund will affect the amount of cash available for distribution by the Fund and may have adverse consequences for certain Unitholders, most notably Non-residents and Exempt Plans.

Non-Cash Distributions

Interest on the XSCOT Notes and other debt accrues at the Fund level for income tax purposes whether or not actually paid. The Declaration of Trust provides that an amount equal to the taxable income of the Fund will be distributed each year to Unitholders in order to eliminate the Fund's taxable income and provides that additional Units may be distributed to Unitholders in lieu of cash distributions. Unitholders will generally be required to include an amount equal to the fair market value of those Units in their taxable income, in circumstances when they do not directly receive a cash distribution.

Tax on Income Trusts

On December 26, 2006, the Minister of Finance (Canada) (the "**Minister**") released draft legislation relating to the federal income taxation of publicly traded trusts and partnerships. On March 29, 2007, the Minister introduced Bill C-52 in the House of Commons to implement these proposals. The Bill received Royal Assent and became law on June 22, 2007 (the "**SIFT Tax Rules**"). The legislation applies to a publicly traded trust that is a specified flow-through entity (a "**SIFT**") that was listed before November 1, 2006 ("**Existing Trust**"), commencing with taxation years ending in or after 2011.

The Fund is a SIFT as defined in the legislation. Certain distributions attributable to a SIFT will not be deductible in computing the SIFT's taxable income, and the SIFT will be subject to tax on such distributions at a rate that is substantially equivalent to the general tax rate applicable to Canadian corporations. The tax payable by the Fund on those distributions, if any, will result in a corresponding decrease to the cash flow distributed to the Unitholders. Distributions paid by a SIFT attributable to direct foreign investment income or dividend income or as a return of capital will not be subject to this tax. There will be circumstances where an Existing Trust may lose its transitional relief where its equity capital grows beyond certain dollar limits measured with reference to the Existing Trust's market capitalization at the close of trading on October 31, 2006.

The Fund is also required to recognize future income tax assets and liabilities with respect to the temporary differences of its assets and liabilities and those of its flow-through affiliates that are expected to reverse in or after 2011. It is anticipated that the recognition of these future income tax assets and liabilities will result in an increase in the net future tax liability of the Fund with a corresponding decrease in net Unitholders' equity.

Currently, the SIFT Tax Rules provide that the SIFT tax rate will be the Federal general corporate income tax rate (which is anticipated to be 16.5% in 2011 and 15% in 2012) plus the provincial SIFT tax rate discussed below.

Pursuant to regulations to the Tax Act, the provincial SIFT Tax rate will be based on the general provincial corporate income tax rate in each province in which the Fund has a permanent establishment. For purposes of calculating this component of the tax, the general corporate taxable provincial allocation formula will be used. Specifically, the Fund's taxable distributions, if any, will be allocated to provinces by taking half of the aggregate of: (i) that proportion of the Fund's taxable distributions, if any, for the year that the Fund's wages and salaries in the province are of its total wages and salaries in Canada; and (ii) that proportion of the Fund's taxable distributions, if any, for the year that the Fund's gross revenues in the province are of its total gross revenues in Canada. Taxable distributions, if any, that are not allocated to any province, would instead be subject to a 10 percent rate constituting the provincial component.

While the legislation will not affect Existing Trusts until 2011, it has had a material impact on the trading value of the Fund's Units. Management is presently investigating alternative structures. Any alternative structure would be intended to increase the long-term value of the Fund.

Any conversion to an alternative structure may have adverse tax implications for Unitholders. No decision has been made and the Trustees may conclude that maintaining the current structure until or after 2011 is in the best interests of Unitholders.

Dilution and Future Sales of Units

The Declaration of Trust authorizes the Fund to issue an unlimited number of Units and Special Voting Units for the consideration and on those terms and conditions as are established by the Trustees without the approval of any Unitholders. Any further issuance of Units will dilute the interests of existing Unitholders. The Unitholders will have no pre-emptive rights in connection with such future issuances.

Future Sales of Units by the Vendor

The Vendor holds approximately 49% of the outstanding Units (assuming the exchange for Units of all of the Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units). If the Vendor sells a substantial number of its Units in the public market, the market price of the Units could fall. The perception among the public that such sales may occur could also result in a reduction in the market price of the Units.

Control of XS Cargo LP

Pursuant to the Securityholders Agreement, for so long as the Vendor owns, directly or indirectly, not less than 20% of the Units (on a diluted basis), the Vendor will have certain limited veto rights with respect to certain matters relating to XS Cargo LP and XSCOT, which will allow the Vendor to restrict certain transactions that may be proposed by the Fund or its subsidiaries. These veto rights are not transferable except to members of the Vendor Group. In particular, the Securityholders Agreement will provide that none of the Fund, XSCOT, the GP or XS Cargo LP may take the following actions without the prior approval of the Vendor Group so long as the Vendor Group holds or controls at least 20% of the Units (on a diluted basis) (other than in connection with an internal reorganization): enter into any merger, amalgamation, consolidation or other business combination or joint venture (other than any such transaction where the holders of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund, XSCOT, the GP or XS Cargo LP, as the case may be, immediately prior to such transaction hold at least a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving corporation or other entity immediately after such transaction and no person or group of persons acting jointly or in concert (other than persons who were the holders of voting securities of the Fund, XSCOT, the GP or XS Cargo LP immediately prior to such transaction) holds 20% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving corporation or other entity); issue voting securities representing 20% or more of the outstanding voting securities to any person or group of persons acting jointly or in concert in one or more related transactions (other than a distribution of securities to the public by way of a prospectus); sell, assign, convey or otherwise dispose of 20% or more of the securities of any subsidiary entity; sell, assign, convey or otherwise dispose of a material portion of the assets of the Fund on a consolidated basis, out of the ordinary course of business; adopt any plan or proposal to liquidate, dissolve or reorganize or seek relief under bankruptcy or insolvency laws; change the size of its board of directors or trustees, if any; or take or permit to be taken any action that would prevent the business of the Company, as it exists on the date of closing of the IPO, from continuing on an ongoing basis. See "Material Contracts – Securityholders Agreement – Securityholder Approval for Certain Items".

In addition, the Vendor will have consent rights respecting amendments to certain material agreements entered into by XS Cargo LP and certain of its affiliates. See "Material Contracts – Securityholders Agreement".

The Vendor will also initially have the right to appoint up to two members of the five person board of directors of the GP and will initially hold 49% of the outstanding GP Common Shares and 49% of the outstanding LP Units. The directors of the GP are required to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the GP and the GP is required to act honestly and in good faith and in the best interests of XS Cargo LP. However, directors appointed by a particular shareholder are entitled under the ABCA to give special consideration to the interests of the shareholder that appointed them.

The interests of the Vendor may conflict with those of other Unitholders.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain directors of the GP are associated with other companies or entities, which may give rise to conflicts of interest. In accordance with the ABCA, directors who have a material interest in any person who is a party to a material contract or proposed material contract with the GP are required, subject to certain exceptions, to disclose that interest and abstain from voting on any resolution to approve that contract. In addition, the directors are required to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the GP.

Unitholder Limited Liability

The Declaration of Trust provides that no Unitholder, in its capacity as such, shall incur or be subject to any liability in contract or in tort in connection with the Fund or its obligations or affairs and, in the event that a court determines Unitholders are subject to any such liabilities, the liabilities will be enforceable only against, and will be satisfied only out of the Fund's assets. Pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, the Fund will indemnify and hold harmless each Unitholder from any cost, damages, liabilities,

expenses, charges or losses suffered by a Unitholder from or arising as a result of such Unitholder not having such limited liability. The Declaration of Trust provides that all contracts signed by or on behalf of the Fund must contain a provision to the effect that such obligation will not be binding upon Unitholders personally. Unitholders also have the benefit of the *Income Trusts Liability Act* (Alberta) (the "ITLA"), which came into force on July 1, 2004. The ITLA is designed to protect unitholders of Alberta income trusts such as the Fund by providing a statutory limitation on unitholders' liability. Specifically, the ITLA provides that a unitholder will not be, as a beneficiary, liable for any act, default, obligation or liability of the trustee of a trust. Although the risk that Unitholders will have any personal liability for obligations of the Fund is considered to be remote in the circumstances, questions of unitholder liability have not been considered extensively in Canadian courts, and there is a risk that a court could find Unitholders to be liable for the Fund's obligations notwithstanding the ITLA and the provisions of the Declaration of Trust described above.

Under limited partnership legislation, a limited partner taking part in the management of a limited partnership is potentially responsible for partnership liabilities as a general partner. The investment of the Fund in XS Cargo LP is held through XSCOT and accordingly, the possibility of any such liability attaching to Unitholders is remote.

Distribution of Securities on Redemption or Termination of the Fund

Upon a redemption of Units or termination of the Fund, the Trustees may distribute XSCOT Notes directly to Unitholders, subject to obtaining all required regulatory approvals. There is currently no market for the XSCOT Notes. In addition, the XSCOT Notes are not freely tradable and are not currently listed on any stock exchange. See "XS Cargo Income Fund – Redemption Right". XSCOT Notes so distributed may not be qualified investments for trusts governed by Exempt Plans, depending upon the circumstances at the time.

Restrictions on Certain Unitholders and Liquidity of Units

The Declaration of Trust imposes various restrictions on Unitholders. Non-resident Unitholders are prohibited from beneficially owning more than 49% of the Units (on a non-diluted and a fully diluted basis). These restrictions may limit (or inhibit the exercise of) the rights of certain persons, including non-residents of Canada and U.S. persons, to acquire Units, to exercise their rights as Unitholders and to initiate and complete take-over bids in respect of the Units. As a result, these restrictions may limit the demand for Units from certain Unitholders and thereby adversely affect the liquidity and market value of the Units held by the public.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Certain directors of the GP are associated with other companies or entities, including entities engaged in the commercial real estate development, services and leasing businesses, which may give rise to conflicts of interest. In accordance with the ABCA, directors who have a material interest in any person who is a party to a material contract or proposed material contract with the GP are required, subject to certain exceptions, to disclose that interest and abstain from voting on any resolution to approve that contract. In addition, the directors are required to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the GP. Other than as described above and elsewhere in this annual information form, there are no existing or potential material conflicts of interest between the Fund or its subsidiaries and any trustee, director or officer of the Fund or its subsidiaries.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no material legal proceedings to which the Fund is a party or in respect of which any of its property is the subject, nor are any such proceedings known to the Fund to be contemplated.

There were no: (i) penalties or sanctions imposed against the Fund by a court relating to securities legislation or by a security regulatory authority during the most recently completed financial year; (ii) other penalties or sanctions imposed by a court or regulatory body against the Fund that would likely be considered important to a reasonable investor in making an investment decision; or (iii) settlement agreements the Fund entered into before a court relating to securities legislation or with a securities regulatory authority during the Fund's most recently completed financial year.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Except for contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business, the only contracts that are material to the Fund and that were entered into within the most recently completed financial year or subsequent thereto, or before the most recently completed financial year but which are still material and are still in effect, are the following:

- (a) the Declaration of Trust;
- (b) the Security holders Agreement;
- (c) the Exchange Agreement;
- (d) the Limited Partnership Agreement;
- (e) the XSCOT Declaration of Trust;
- (f) the Note Indenture;
- (g) the Administration Agreement;
- (h) the Credit Agreement; and
- (i) the Subordinated Loans agreement.

Administration Agreement

The Fund and XSCOT have entered into the Administration Agreement with the GP whereby the GP will agree to provide or arrange for the provision of services required in the administration of the Fund and XSCOT. The GP's duties will include: (a) ensuring compliance by the Fund and XSCOT with their continuous disclosure obligations under applicable securities legislation, including the preparation of financial statements; (b) providing investor relations services; (c) providing or causing to be provided to Voting Unitholders and XSCOT Unitholders all information to which Voting Unitholders and XSCOT Unitholders are entitled under the Declaration of Trust and the XSCOT Declaration of Trust, respectively, including relevant information with respect to income taxes; (d) convening meetings of Voting Unitholders and XSCOT Unitholders and distributing required materials, including notices of meetings and information circulars, in respect of all such meetings; (e) providing for the calculation of distributions to Unitholders and XSCOT Unitholders; (f) attending to all administrative and other matters arising in connection with any redemptions of Units and/or XSCOT Units; (g) using its best efforts to ensure compliance with the Fund's limitations on non-resident ownership; (h) attending to all administrative and other matters arising in connection with the Note Indenture, including the payment of interest and principal on the XSCOT Notes and in connection with any redemption of the XSCOT Notes; and (i) providing general accounting, bookkeeping and administrative services to the Fund and XSCOT.

The administration of the Fund and XSCOT under the Administration Agreement may be terminated at any time by the Fund or XSCOT upon notice in writing to the GP and upon payment to the GP of all costs and expenses incurred by the GP in terminating contracts entered into by the GP with the approval of the Fund or XSCOT, as applicable, for the performance by the GP of its duties under the Administration Agreement. No additional fees are payable to the GP on termination.

Credit Agreement

On closing of the IPO, XS Cargo LP entered into the Credit Facility with a Canadian chartered bank providing for a \$7.5 million operating loan facility and a \$15 million non-revolving term loan facility. Security for the Credit Facility includes a first charge on all present and after acquired personal property of the Company, an assignment of inventory and a guarantee by the Fund. Interest on the operating facility is payable at the lender's Canadian prime rate or U.S. base rate plus 0% to 0.50%, determined based on the Company's ratio of senior debt to EBITDA. Interest on the term loan facility is payable at the lender's Canadian prime rate plus 0.25% to 0.75% or the banker's acceptance rate plus 1.75% to 2.25%, depending on the Company's senior debt to EBITDA ratio. The Credit Facility includes limits on incurring additional indebtedness or granting encumbrances without the consent of the lender and is subject to the maintenance of senior debt to EBITDA, current assets to current liabilities and fixed

charge coverage ratios and minimum equity. The Credit Facility may in certain circumstances restrict the ability of XS Cargo LP to pay distributions to the holders of LP Units and of the Fund to pay distributions to Unitholders if the payment would result in a default under the Credit Facility.

On March 20, 2006, the Company amended its Credit Facility. The limit on the term loan was increased from \$15.0 million to \$17.5 million and the limit on the operating facility was increased from \$7.5 million to \$10.0 million for the period January 1 to July 31 each year and further increased to \$12.5 million during the Company's peak purchasing period between August 1 and December 31.

On March 16, 2007, the Company amended its Credit Facility. The limit on the term loan was increased from \$17.5 million to \$25.0 million and the limit on the operating facility was increased from \$10.0 million to \$12.5 million for the period January 1 to July 31 each year and further increased to \$20.0 million during the Company's peak purchasing period between August 1 and December 31. The interest rates payable on the term loan and operating facility have been amended as well, but remain within the above stated ranges.

On March 16, 2007, the Company entered into amending agreements for the Loans that amended or waived certain financial covenants as of December 31, 2006, with which the Company otherwise would not have complied. After obtaining waivers on two covenants the Fund was in compliance with all Loan agreements as of December 31, 2006. The new covenants include a maximum senior debt to EBITDA ratio of 2.5:1.0, a minimum current ratio of 1.5:1.0 and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 0.85:1.0.

On June 29, 2007, the Company amended its Credit Facility. The interest rates payable on the term loan and operating facility were revised as follows: Interest on the operating facility is payable at the lender's Canadian prime rate or U.S. base rate plus 0% to 1.00%, determined based on the Company's ratio of senior debt to EBITDA. Interest on the term loan facility is payable at the lender's Canadian prime rate plus 0.25% to 1.25% or the banker's acceptance rate plus 1.75% to 2.75%, depending on the Company's senior debt to EBITDA ratio. The covenants were revised to include a maximum senior debt to EBITDA ratio of 3.5:1.0 until September 30, 2007 and 2.0:1.0 at each quarter end thereafter, measured on a trailing four quarter basis. The fixed charge coverage ratio was revised to a minimum of 1.0:1.0, and a minimum quarterly EBITDA requirement of \$5,500,000 was instituted until the end of the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

At December 31, 2007, the Fund was in breach of certain financial covenants under the Credit Facility, giving the lender the right to demand repayment.

At September 30, 2008 the Fund reached an agreement with its term and operating loan lender resulting in compliance with the amended financial covenants. Under the amended credit facility agreement, the term loan was extended to April 30, 2009 and was changed to a non-revolving term loan facility. The maximum available on the term loan facility was \$21,250,000 until July 31, 2007, at which time it was reduced to \$11,250,000. The term loan was permanently reduced by \$4,500,000 on December 31, 2008 and was to be further permanently reduced on March 31, 2009 by an amount equal to 75% of 2008 excess cash flow as defined in the agreement. Management has determined that the Fund did not generate 2008 excess cash flow, as defined, such that no reduction was required. The term loan is collateralized by a first charge on all present and after acquired personal property of the Fund and an assignment of inventory. Under the amended agreement interest on the term loan facility is charged at the lender's Canadian prime rate plus 2.50%.

At September 14, 2009, the interest rate was increased by 2.00% per annum as a result of default in covenants and such rate was to remain in effect as long as the default subsists. Interest is charged at the lender's Canadian prime rate plus 4.50%. If funds are withdrawn in U.S. dollars, interest will be charged at the lender's U.S. base rate plus 4.50%. The Fund is also required to pay a standby charge of 1.00% based on the amount equal to the operating facility commitment amount less the aggregate principal amount under the operating facility.

Both the term loan and operating loan required the Fund to maintain certain financial covenants, including a maximum senior debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio of 3.5:1.0 until December 31, 2008, at which time the ratio reduces to 2.5:1.0; a minimum current ratio of 1.4:1.0, and a minimum adjusted trailing twelve months EBITDA value of \$8,000,000 as at October 31, 2008 and thereafter. Additionally, the covenants limit the Fund's ability to undertake mergers, acquisitions, new indebtedness, declare distributions and other changes in the business without approval of the lender.

The Fund's term loan was due April 30, 2009, and the Fund has not repaid such loan, however the Fund's creditors have not demanded repayment under the credit facilities. In addition, as at December 31, 2009, January 31, 2010 and February 28, 2010 the Fund was not in compliance with its minimum adjusted trailing twelve-month EBITDA covenant. The Fund is working with its lenders to negotiate mutually acceptable financial covenants and a renewal of its term loan.

Subordinated Loans

On August 20, 2007, the Fund entered into subordinated loan agreements for \$12,000,000, funded 50% by an independent third party and 50% by a company owned by the President and CEO of the Fund. The principal balance was due on August 20, 2008, but was renewable for an additional six months at the option of the Fund. The subordinated loan is collateralized by the second charge on all of the present and future undertakings and property including an acknowledged assignment of leases and material contracts. Interest on the subordinated loan is charged at 16%, with the Fund's option to capitalize up to 8.0% per annum.

At December 31, 2007, and by virtue of the Fund being in breach of financial covenants under the Credit Facility, the Fund was also in breach of certain financial covenants under the Subordinated Loans, giving these lenders the right to demand repayment.

On November 5, 2008, the Fund reached an agreement with its subordinated loan lenders. The maturity date of the subordinated loan agreements was extended to June 30, 2009. Interest on the subordinated loan has increased from 16% to 18%, with the Fund's option to capitalize up to 10.0% per annum. Each of the subordinated loan lenders were to be issued 500,000 fund unit purchase warrants, exercisable at \$0.60 at any time within 36 months of issuance, with a cashless exercise feature at the option of subordinated lenders. The subordinated loan agreement requires the Fund to maintain certain financial covenants, including a maximum senior debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio of 3.5:1.0 until December 31, 2008, at which time the ratio reduces to 2.5:1.0; a minimum current ratio of 1.4:1.0, and a minimum adjusted trailing twelve months EBITDA value of \$8,000,000 as at October 31, 2008 and thereafter, and a total funded debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio of less than 5.0:1.0 until December 30, 2008, at which point the ratio was reduced to 3.5:1.0. There are additional restrictive covenants that limit the Fund's ability to undertake mergers, acquisitions, new indebtedness, declare distributions and other changes in the business without approval of the lenders.

The Fund's subordinated loan was due June 30, 2009 and the Fund has not repaid such loans, however the Fund's creditors have not demanded repayment under the credit facilities. In addition, as at December 31, 2009, January 31, 2010 and February 28, 2010 the Fund was not in compliance with its minimum adjusted trailing twelve-month EBITDA covenant and total funded debt to adjusted EBITDA covenants. The Fund is working with its lenders to negotiate mutually acceptable financial covenants and a renewal of the subordinated loan.

Security holders Agreement

The Fund, XSCOT, XS Cargo LP, the GP and the Vendor have entered into the Securityholders Agreement governing their security holdings in, and the business and affairs of the GP and XS Cargo LP. The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Securityholders Agreement, which summary is not intended to be complete. Reference is made to the Securityholders Agreement for a complete description and the full text of its provisions.

Directors

The Securityholders Agreement provides that the board of directors of the GP would initially consist of five directors. For so long as the Vendor Group holds, directly or indirectly, LP Units or Units representing (on a diluted basis) not less than 30% of the outstanding Units (on a diluted basis), the Vendor Group will be entitled to nominate two individuals as directors to the board of directors of the GP, and for so long as the Vendor Group holds, directly or indirectly, LP Units or Units representing (on a diluted basis) less than 30% but not less than 15% of the outstanding Units (on a diluted basis), the Vendor Group will be entitled to nominate one individual as a director to the board of directors of the GP, and XSCOT will vote its shares of the GP in favour of such individuals. These board representation rights are not transferable upon a transfer by the Vendor Group of LP Units or Units to a person who is not a member of the Vendor Group.

Issuances of Ownership Interests, Pre-Emptive Rights and Adjustments to Ownership Interests

The Securityholders Agreement provides that the Vendor Group will have pre-emptive rights to purchase interests in XS Cargo LP or any other subsidiary of the Fund to maintain its pro rata ownership interest in the event that XS Cargo LP or such other

subsidiary decides to issue equity securities (which term includes any instruments convertible into, or giving the holder the right to acquire, equity securities) to third parties or issues equity or debt to any existing partner or shareholder (including XSCOT). If XS Cargo LP, or any other subsidiary of the Fund, issues equity securities or such indebtedness, the Vendor Group will be entitled to participate pro rata on the same basis. Upon exercise of this right, the Vendor Group will be entitled to participate in the issue of securities of XS Cargo LP at the most favourable price and on the most favourable terms as such securities are offered to any party. These terms could include the right to exchange partnership units for Units.

Proposals to Purchase LP Units

The Securityholders Agreement provides that the Fund will not accept any offer or agree to support any other proposal involving the Ordinary LP Units unless the same offer or proposal is made to the holders of the Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units for a consideration based on the consideration for the Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units which reflects the percentage of indirect interest of the holders of the Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units in XS Cargo LP, without discount for minority position or restrictions on exchange for Units.

Tag-Along Rights

The Vendor Group is entitled to participate, on a pro rata basis, in any sale by the Fund of its direct or indirect interest in XS Cargo LP.

Amendments

The Securityholders Agreement provides that for so long as the Vendor Group owns, directly or indirectly, not less than 20% of the Units (on a diluted basis), the Securityholders Agreement, the Exchange Agreement, the Limited Partnership Agreement and the XSCOT Declaration of Trust, may only be amended, and that the GP may only withdraw as the general partner of XS Cargo LP, with the approval of XSCOT and the Vendor Group.

Security holder Approval for Certain Matters

The Securityholders Agreement provides that none of the Fund, XSCOT, the GP or XS Cargo LP may take the following actions without the prior approval of the Vendor Group so long as the Vendor Group holds or controls at least 20% of the Units (on a diluted basis) (other than in connection with an internal reorganization): enter into any merger, amalgamation, consolidation or other business combination or joint venture (other than any such transaction where the holders of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund, XSCOT, the GP or XS Cargo LP, as the case may be, immediately prior to such transaction hold at least a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving corporation or other entity immediately after such transaction and no person or group of persons acting jointly or in concert (other than persons who were the holders of voting securities of the Fund, XSCOT, the GP or XS Cargo LP immediately prior to such transaction) holds 20% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving corporation or other entity); issue voting securities representing 20% or more of the outstanding voting securities to any person or group of persons acting jointly or in concert in one or more related transactions (other than a distribution of securities to the public by way of a prospectus); sell, assign, convey or otherwise dispose of 20% or more of the securities of any subsidiary entity; sell, assign, convey or otherwise dispose of a material portion of the assets of the Fund on a consolidated basis, out of the ordinary course of business; adopt any plan or proposal to liquidate, dissolve or reorganize or seek relief under bankruptcy or insolvency laws; change the size of its board of directors or trustees, if any; or take or permit to be taken any action that would prevent the business of the Company, as it exists on the date of closing of the Acquisition, from continuing on an ongoing basis.

PROMOTERS

The Vendor took the initiative in founding and organizing the Fund and may therefore be considered to be a promoter of the Fund for the purposes of applicable securities legislation. See "Business of XS Cargo" and "Material Contracts – Acquisition Agreement".

INTEREST OF MANAGEMENT AND OTHERS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

There are no material interests, direct or indirect, of any Trustee or director or executive officer of the GP, any person or company that beneficially owns, or controls or directs, directly or indirectly, more than 10% of any class or series of the Voting Units, or any associate or affiliate of any of the foregoing persons or companies, in any transaction during the Fund's three most recently completed financial years or during the current financial year that has materially affected or is reasonably expected to materially affect the Fund, other than as disclosed elsewhere in this annual information form or as set forth below:

1. Mr. McKenna is the controlling shareholder of one of the lenders under the Subordinated Loan Agreements entered into with the Fund and has a 50% interest in such loan; and
2. Mr. McKenna is the controlling shareholder of the Vendor, which is party to a number of agreements with the Fund and its affiliates. In addition, Mr. McKenna and the other shareholders of the Vendor have entered into the Non-Competition Agreements with the Company. See "Material Contracts" and "Retained Interest and Exchange Rights"
3. During the fourth quarter of 2008 the Fund issued 1,000,000 warrants as part of its subordinated loan renewal agreement. 500,000 of the warrants are held by a corporation controlled by the GP's Chief Executive Officer, Michael McKenna.

AUDITORS, REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

The auditor of the Fund is PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Edmonton, Alberta.

The registrar and transfer agent for the Units is Computershare Trust Company of Canada at its principal offices in Calgary, Alberta and Toronto, Ontario.

INTERESTS OF EXPERTS

There is no person or company whose profession or business gives authority to a report, valuation, statement or opinion made by such person or company and who is named as having prepared or certified a report, valuation, statement or opinion described or included in a filing, or referred to in a filing, made under National Instrument 51-102 by the Fund during, or related to, its most recently completed financial year other than PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("**PWC**"), the Fund's auditors. PWC is independent within the meaning of the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Alberta.

In addition, no director, officer or employee of PWC is or is expected to be elected, appointed or employed as a director, officer or employee of the GP or of any of the Fund's associate or affiliate entities.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Fund may be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on the Fund's website at www.xscargo.com

Additional information, including trustees', directors' and officers' remuneration and indebtedness, principal holders of the Fund's securities and securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans, will be contained in the Fund's information circular for its most recent annual meeting of Unitholders.

Additional financial information is provided in the Fund's financial statements and management's discussion and analysis for the year ended December 31, 2009, which documents may be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

SCHEDULE "A"

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

In this annual information form, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

"**ABCA**" means the *Business Corporations Act* (Alberta), as amended, including the regulations promulgated thereunder.

"**Acquisition**" means the acquisition by XS Cargo LP from the Vendor of the Purchased Assets and the assumption by the Company of certain related liabilities as more particularly described under "Material Contracts – Acquisition Agreement".

"**Acquisition Agreement**" means the asset purchase and sale agreement entered into between XS Cargo LP and the Vendor providing for the sale by the Vendor of the Purchased Assets to XS Cargo LP.

"**Acquisition Transaction**" means an amalgamation, merger or other form of business combination involving the Fund or XS Cargo LP, any sale, lease, exchange or transfer of a substantial portion of the assets of the Fund or XS Cargo LP, or any reorganization, recapitalization, liquidation or winding-up or other business combination involving the Fund or XS Cargo LP.

"**Administration Agreement**" means the administration agreement entered into between the Fund, XSCOT and the GP.

"**affiliate**" means "**affiliated entity**" within the meaning of Section 1.2 of Ontario Securities Commission Rule 45-501 – Exempt Distributions promulgated under the *Securities Act* (Ontario).

"**associate**" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the *Securities Act* (Alberta).

"**Business**" means the broadline closeout retailing business of the Vendor.

"**Company**" means collectively, XS Cargo LP and the GP, the general partner of XS Cargo LP.

"**Credit Facility**" means the credit facility entered into by XS Cargo LP with a Canadian chartered bank. See "Credit Facility".

"**Declaration of Trust**" means the declaration of trust dated April 6, 2005 pursuant to which the Fund was established, as the same may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time. See "XS Cargo Income Fund".

"**Deferred Income Plans**" means, collectively, trusts governed by registered retirement savings plans, registered retirement income funds and deferred profit sharing plans, each as defined in the Tax Act.

"**diluted basis**" means, for purposes of the Securityholders Agreement, the number of Units outstanding assuming the exchange of all Exchangeable LP Units and Subordinated LP Units.

"**distributable cash**" has the meaning given to it under "Non-GAAP Measures".

"**Distribution Target**" means distributions of at least \$1.125 per LP Unit in a fiscal year.

"**EBITDA**" has the meaning given to it under "Non-GAAP Measures".

"**EBITDA Target**" means annual EBITDA of XS Cargo LP (derived from audited financial statements) of at least \$14.432 million.

"**Exchange Agreement**" means the exchange agreement among the Fund, XSCOT, the Company, and the Vendor providing for, among other things, the Exchange Rights, and demand and piggyback registration rights. See "Retained Interest and Exchange Rights".

"**Exchange Rights**" means the right of a holder of Exchangeable LP Units to exchange one Exchangeable LP Unit for one Unit by delivering such Exchangeable LP Unit in exchange for a Unit. See "Retained Interest and Exchange Rights".

"**Exchangeable LP Units**" means the exchangeable units of XS Cargo LP held by the Vendor.

"**Exchangeable Securities**" means the Exchangeable LP Units, the Subordinated LP Units and any other securities that are exchangeable, directly or indirectly, for Units.

"**Exempt Plans**" means, collectively, Deferred Income Plans and RESPs.

"**Fund**" means XS Cargo Income Fund, a trust established under the laws of the Province of Alberta pursuant to the Declaration of Trust.

"**GP**" means XS Cargo GP Inc., a corporation incorporated under the ABCA.

"**GP Common Shares**" means the common shares in the capital of the GP.

"**GP Units**" means the ordinary general partner units of XS Cargo LP held by the GP.

"**gross margin percentage**" means the result obtained by deducting cost of sales from sales and dividing the remainder by sales.

"**IPO**" means the Fund's initial public offering of 6,106,000 Units at \$10 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$61,060,000 pursuant to the IPO Prospectus and the Underwriting Agreement, which was completed on May 17, 2005.

"**IPO Prospectus**" means the (final) prospectus of the Fund dated May 6, 2005.

"**ITLA**" means the *Income Trusts Liability Act* (Alberta).

"**Limited Partnership Agreement**" means the limited partnership agreement, as amended, supplemented or restated from time to time, between the Vendor, the GP and XSCOT, by which XS Cargo LP is governed.

"**LP Units**" means, collectively, the Ordinary LP Units, the Exchangeable LP Units and the Subordinated LP Units.

"**LTIP**" means the long-term incentive plan of XS Cargo LP.

"**Non-Competition Agreements**" means the non-competition agreements entered into between the Company and Michael McKenna and the other shareholders of the Vendor as more particularly described under "Material Contracts – Non-Competition Agreements".

"**Non-resident**" means a non-resident of Canada within the meaning of the Tax Act.

"**Note Indenture**" means the note indenture made between XSCOT and the Note Trustee, providing for the issuance of the XSCOT Notes.

"**Note Trustee**" means the trustee under the Note Indenture.

"**Ordinary LP Units**" means the ordinary limited partnership units of XS Cargo LP.

"**Partnership Special Resolution**" means a resolution of the partners of XS Cargo LP passed with the consent of the holders of at least 66 2/3% of the LP Units and GP Units, in the aggregate, voted on such resolution at a duly constituted meeting or by a written resolution of partners holding more than 66 2/3% of the LP Units and GP Units, in the aggregate, entitled to vote at a duly constituted meeting.

"**Permitted Investments**" means: (i) obligations issued or guaranteed by the Government of Canada or any province of Canada or any agency or instrumentality thereof; (ii) term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, certificates of deposit or bankers' acceptances of or guaranteed by any Canadian chartered bank or other financial institution, the short-term debt or deposits of which have been rated at least "A" or the equivalent by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Company Inc., Moody's Investor Services, Inc. or Dominion Bond Rating Services Limited; and (iii) commercial paper rated at least "R-1" or the

equivalent by Dominion Bond Rating Services Limited, in each case maturing not more than 180 days after the date of acquisition.

"**Person**" means any individual, partnership, association, body corporate, trustee, executor, administrator, legal representative, government, regulatory authority or other entity.

"**Purchased Assets**" means the assets used in the Business acquired by XS Cargo LP from the Vendor pursuant to the Acquisition as more particularly described under "Material Contracts – Acquisition Agreement – Purchased Assets and Associated Liabilities".

"**Redemption Date**" means a date on which Units are surrendered for redemption.

"**Redemption Price**" has the meaning given to that term under "XS Cargo Income Fund – Redemption Right".

"**RESP**" means a registered education savings plan as defined in the Tax Act.

"**Securityholders Agreement**" means the agreement entered into among XSCOT, the GP and the Vendor providing for, among other things, the governance of the GP.

"**Series 1 XSCOT Notes**" means the series 1 notes of XSCOT issued under the Note Indenture.

"**Series 2 XSCOT Notes**" means the series 2 notes of XSCOT issued under the Note Indenture.

"**Special Resolution**" means a resolution of the Voting Unitholders passed by not less than 66 2/3% of the votes cast, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of Voting Unitholders called for the purpose of approving such resolution, or approved in writing by the holders of not less than 66 2/3% of the Voting Units entitled to vote on such resolution.

"**Special Voting Units**" means the special voting units of the Fund, issued to or for the benefit of holders of Exchangeable Securities and certified under the Declaration of Trust for the time being outstanding and entitled to the benefits and subject to the limitations set forth therein.

"**Subordinated LP Units**" means the subordinated exchangeable limited partnership units of XS Cargo LP held by the Vendor.

"**Subordinated Loans**" means the loan agreements entered into by XS Cargo LP with a Canadian chartered bank and Famous Brands Inc. See "Subordinated Loans".

"**subsidiary**" has the meaning set out in the *Securities Act* (Alberta) and includes a partnership or other entity.

"**Tax Act**" means the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), as amended, including the regulations promulgated thereunder.

"**Tax Fairness Plan**" means the Tax Fairness Plan announced by the Federal Minister of Finance on October 31, 2006, the related draft legislation introduced by the Minister on December 21, 2006 and the "safe harbour" growth guidelines issued in connection with the Tax Fairness Plan on December 15, 2006.

"**Trustees**" mean the trustees of the Fund from time to time.

"**TSX**" means the Toronto Stock Exchange.

"**TSXV**" means the TSX Venture Exchange

"**Underwriting Agreement**" means the underwriting agreement among the Fund, the Company and the underwriters for the IPO.

"**Unit**" means a trust unit of the Fund other than a Special Voting Unit.

"**Unitholders**" means the holders of Units from time to time.

"**Vendor**" means Famous Brands (Edmonton) Inc., a corporation incorporated under the ABCA and owned by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Michael McKenna (77.5%), and certain other members of management.

"**Vendor Group**" means, collectively, the Vendor and any shareholder, associate or affiliate of the Vendor, including any family member of a shareholder of the Vendor or any company, trust or other entity owned by or maintained for the benefit of any of such Persons.

"**Voting Units**" means the Units and the Special Voting Units.

"**Voting Unitholders**" means the Unitholders and the holders of Special Voting Units.

"**XS Cargo**" means the Vendor when referring to events or transactions relating to the Business that occurred prior to completion of the Acquisition and means XS Cargo LP when referring to events or transaction that occurred after completion of the Acquisition.

"**XS Cargo Entities**" means, and includes XSCOT, the GP, XS Cargo LP, any of their affiliates and any other direct or indirect subsidiary of the Fund.

"**XS Cargo LP**" means XS Cargo Limited Partnership, a limited partnership formed under the laws of the Province of Alberta.

"**XSCOT**" means XS Cargo Operating Trust, a trust established under the laws of the Province of Alberta pursuant to the XSCOT Declaration of Trust.

"**XSCOT Declaration of Trust**" means the declaration of trust dated April 6, 2005 pursuant to which XSCOT was established, as the same may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time. See "XS Cargo Operating Trust".

"**XSCOT Notes**" means, collectively, the Series 1 XSCOT Notes and Series 2 XSCOT Notes of XSCOT issued under the Note Indenture.

"**XSCOT Unitholders**" means, at the relevant time, the holders of the XSCOT Units; and

"**XSCOT Units**" means the trust units of XSCOT.

All dollar amounts in this annual information form are expressed in Canadian dollars, except where stated otherwise.

SCHEDULE "B"

TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

The term "**Fund**" refers to XS Cargo Income Fund, the term "**Board**" refers to the board of trustees of the Fund and the term "**Administrator**" refers to XS Cargo GP Inc. (the "**GP**") in its capacity as administrator of the Fund pursuant to the **Administration Agreement** between the Fund, XS Cargo Operating Trust ("**XSCOT**") and the Administrator.

PURPOSE

The Audit Committee (the "**Committee**") is a standing committee appointed by the Board to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to the Fund's financial reporting including responsibility to:

- oversee the integrity of the Fund's financial statements and financial reporting process, including the audit process and the Fund's internal accounting controls and procedures and compliance with related legal and regulatory requirements;
- oversee the qualifications and independence of the Fund's external auditors;
- oversee the work of the Fund's financial management and external auditors in these areas; and
- provide an open avenue of communication between the external auditors, the Board, the board of directors of the GP, the trustees of XSCOT, the Administrator and the officers (collectively, "**Management**") of the Fund, the Administrator, the GP and XS Cargo Limited Partnership ("**XS Cargo LP**").

In addition, the Committee will review and/or approve any other matter specifically delegated to the Committee by the Board.

COMPOSITION AND PROCEDURES

In addition to the procedures and powers set out in any resolution of the Board, the Committee will have the following composition and procedures:

1. Composition

The Committee shall consist of no fewer than three members. None of the members of the Committee shall be an officer or employee of the Fund, XS Cargo LP or the GP or any of their respective subsidiaries and the majority of the members of the Committee shall be an "independent director" (in accordance with the definition of "independent director" from time to time under the requirements or guidelines for audit committee service under applicable securities laws and the rules of any stock exchange on which the Fund's units are listed for trading); provided that the fact that a trustee is also a director of the GP will not disqualify the trustee from being a member of the Committee provided that the trustee would otherwise be eligible to be a member of the Committee. The Committee shall perform an evaluation of its performance at least annually to determine whether it is functioning effectively.

2. Appointment and Replacement of Committee Members

Any member of the Committee may be removed or replaced at any time by the Board and shall automatically cease to be a member of the Committee upon ceasing to be a trustee. The Board may fill vacancies on the Committee by election from among its number. The Board shall fill any vacancy if the membership of the Committee is less than three trustees. If and whenever a vacancy shall exist on the Committee, the remaining members may exercise all its power so long as a quorum remains in office. Subject to the foregoing, the members of the Committee shall be elected by the Board annually and each member of the Committee shall hold office as such until the next annual meeting of unitholders after his or her election or until his or her successor shall be duly elected and qualified.

3. Financial literacy

All members of the Committee must be "financially literate" (as that term is interpreted by the Board in its business judgment or as may be defined from time to time under the requirements or guidelines for audit committee service under securities laws and the rules of any stock exchange on which the Fund's units are listed for trading) or must become financially literate within a reasonable period of time after his or her appointment to the Committee

4. Separate Executive Meetings

The Committee will endeavour to meet at least once every quarter, and more often as warranted, with the Chief Financial Officer of the Administrator and the external auditors in separate executive sessions to discuss any matters that the Committee or each of these groups believes should be discussed privately.

5. Professional Assistance

The Committee may retain special legal, accounting, financial or other consultants to advise the Committee at the Fund's expense.

6. Reliance

Absent actual knowledge to the contrary (which will be promptly reported to the Board), each member of the Committee shall be entitled to rely on (i) the integrity of those persons or organizations within and outside the Fund from which it receives information, (ii) the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Committee by such persons or organizations and (iii) representations made by the Administrator, XS Cargo LP or the GP or their respective senior managements and the external auditors, as to any information technology, internal audit and other non-audit services provided by the external auditors to the Fund and its subsidiaries.

7. Review of Charter

The Committee will periodically review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter as it deems appropriate and recommend changes to the Board. The Committee will evaluate its performance with reference to this Charter. The Committee will approve the form of disclosure of this Charter, where required by applicable securities laws or regulatory requirements, in the annual proxy circular or annual report of the Fund.

8. Delegation

The Committee may delegate from time to time to any person or committee of persons any of the Committee's responsibilities that lawfully may be delegated.

9. Reporting to the Board

The Committee will report through the Committee Chair to the Board following meetings of the Committee on matters considered by the Committee, its activities and compliance with this Charter.

SPECIFIC MANDATES OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee will:

I. IN RESPECT OF THE FUND'S EXTERNAL AUDITORS

- (a) review the performance of the external auditors of the Fund who are accountable to the Committee and the Board as the representatives of the unitholders of the Fund, including the lead partner of the independent auditor team and make recommendations to the Board as to the reappointment or appointment of the external auditors of the Fund to be proposed in the Fund's proxy circular for unitholder approval and shall have authority to terminate the external auditors;

- (b) review the reasons for any proposed change in the external auditors of the Fund which is not initiated by the Committee or Board and any other significant issues related to the change, including the response of the incumbent auditors, and enquire as to the qualifications of the proposed auditors before making its recommendation to the Board;
- (c) approve the terms of engagement and the compensation to be paid by the Fund to the Fund's external auditors;
- (d) at least annually, the Committee shall obtain and review a report by the Fund's external auditors describing: (i) the firm's internal quality control procedure; (ii) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality control review, or peer review, of the firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm and any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and (iii) all relationships between the external auditors and the Fund or its subsidiaries;
- (e) approve in advance all permitted non-audit services to be provided to the Fund or any of its affiliates by the external auditors or any of their affiliates, subject to any *de minimus* exception allowed by applicable law; the Committee may delegate to one or more designated members of the Committee the authority to grant pre-approvals required by this subsection;
- (f) review the disclosure with respect to its pre-approval of audit and non-audit services provided by the Fund's external auditors;
- (g) set clear hiring policies for the Fund or its subsidiaries for the hiring of employees or former employees of the Fund's external auditors;
- (h) determine that the external audit firm has a process in place to address the rotation of the lead audit partner and other audit partners serving the account;
- (i) review a written or oral report describing:
 - (i) critical accounting policies and practices to be used in the Fund's annual audit,
 - (ii) alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with the Administrator or other Management and that are significant to the Fund's financial statements, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the external auditors, and
 - (iii) other material written communication between the Fund's external auditors and the Administrator or other Management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences;
- (j) review with the external auditors and Management the general audit approach and scope of proposed audits of the financial statements of the Fund, XS Cargo LP and the GP, the objectives, staffing, locations, co-ordination and reliance upon Management in the audit, the overall audit plans, the audit procedures to be used and the timing and estimated budgets of the audits;
- (k) review the review engagement report prepared by the external auditors before the release of the Fund's interim financial statements; and
- (l) discuss with the external auditors any difficulties or disputes that arose with the Administrator or other Management during the course of the audit, any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to requested information and the adequacy of the Administrator's or other Management's responses in correcting audit-related deficiencies.

II. In Respect of the Fund's Financial Disclosure

- (a) review with the external auditors and Management:
 - (i) the Fund's audited financial statements and the notes and Managements' Discussion and Analysis relating to such financial statements, the annual report, the financial information of the Fund contained in any prospectus or information circular or other disclosure documents or regulatory filings of the Fund and make recommendations to the Board for their approval;
 - (ii) the Fund's interim financial statements and the notes and Managements' Discussion and Analysis relating to such financial statements and approve their release to the public;
 - (iii) the quality, appropriateness and acceptability of the Fund's accounting principles and practices used in its financial reporting, changes in the Fund's accounting principles or practices and the application of particular accounting principles and disclosure practices by Management to new transactions or events;
 - (iv) all significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Fund's financial statements, including the effects of alternative methods in respect of any matter considered significant by the external auditor within generally accepted accounting principles on the financial statements and any "second opinions" sought by Management from an independent or other audit firm or advisor with respect to the accounting treatment of a particular item;
 - (v) the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives on the Fund's financial statements and other financial disclosures;
 - (vi) any reserves, accruals, provisions or estimates that may have a significant effect upon the financial statements of the Fund;
 - (vii) the use of special purpose entities and the business purpose and economic effect of off balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations, guarantees and other relationships of the Fund and their impact on the reported financial results of the Fund;
 - (viii) any legal matter, claim or contingency that could have a significant impact on the financial statements, the Fund's compliance policies and any material reports, inquiries or other correspondence received from regulators or governmental agencies and the manner in which any such legal matter, claim or contingency has been disclosed in the Fund's financial statements;
 - (ix) review the treatment for financial reporting purposes of any significant transactions that are not a normal part of the Fund's operations; and
 - (x) the use of any "pro forma" or "adjusted" information not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (b) review and resolve disagreements between Management and the Fund's external auditors regarding financial reporting or the application of any accounting principles or practices;
- (c) review earnings press releases, as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and ratings agencies, it being understood that such discussions may, in the discretion of the Committee, be done generally (i.e., by discussing the types of information to be disclosed and the type of presentation to be made) and that the Committee need not discuss in advance each earnings release or each instance in which the Fund gives earnings guidance;
- (d) establish and monitor procedures for the receipt and treatment of complaints received by the Fund regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or audit matters and the anonymous submission by employees of

- concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters and review periodically with the Management these procedures and any significant complaints received;
- (e) review and approve all related party transactions;
 - (f) receive from the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Administrator a certificate certifying in respect of each annual and interim report the matters such officers are required to certify in connection with the filing of such reports under applicable securities laws; and
 - (g) review and discuss the Fund's major financial risk exposures and the steps taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the use of any financial derivatives and hedging activities.

III. In Respect of Insurance

- (a) review periodically insurance programs relating to the Fund and its investments.

IV. In Respect of Internal Controls

- (a) review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Fund's internal accounting and financial controls based on recommendations from Management and the external auditors for the improvement of accounting practices and internal controls; and
- (b) oversee compliance with internal controls.

OVERSIGHT FUNCTION

While the Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Fund's financial statements are complete and accurate or are in accordance with GAAP and applicable rules and regulations. These are the responsibilities of Management and the Fund's external auditors. The Committee, its Chair and any Committee members identified as having accounting or related financial expertise are members of the Board, appointed to the Committee to provide broad oversight of the financial, risk and control related activities of the Fund, and are specifically not accountable or responsible for the day-to-day operation or performance of such activities. Although the designation of a Committee member as having accounting or related financial expertise for disclosure purposes or otherwise is based on that individual's education and experience, which that individual will bring to bear in carrying out his or her duties on the Committee, such designation does not impose on such person any duties, obligations or liability that are greater than the duties, obligations and liability imposed on such person as a member of the Committee and Board in the absence of such designation. Rather, the role of a Committee member who is identified as having accounting or related financial expertise, like the role of all Committee members, is to oversee the process, not to certify or guarantee the internal or external audit of the Fund's financial information or public disclosure.